

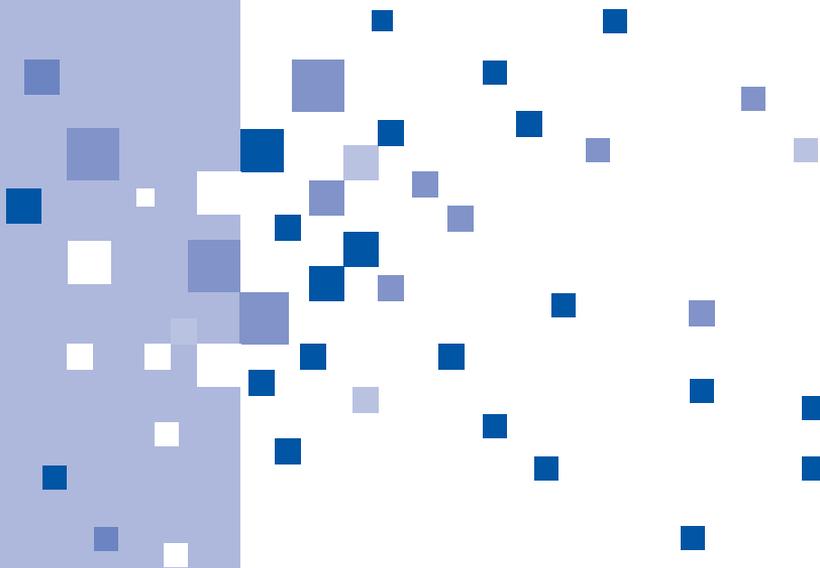


THE FEDERAL REDISTRIBUTION 2010  
Victoria



# 2010 Proposed Redistribution of Victoria into Electoral Divisions

Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918  
Section 68



The 2010  
Proposed  
Redistribution  
of Victoria  
into Electoral Divisions

# **Report of the Redistribution Committee**

Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918  
Section 68



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## **Enclosures**

Map 1 – Provincial and rural divisions	
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This report is published in accordance with section 68 of the *Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918*.

## Executive summary

The Redistribution Committee (the Committee), in considering options for the distribution of the 37 federal electoral division boundaries in Victoria, sought to account for and provide a full and proper consideration of all factors brought before it as required by the *Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918* (the Electoral Act). These factors included actual and projected enrolment figures, and suggestions and comments provided by individuals and organisations. The Committee also sought, wherever possible, to unite community of interests and use clearly identifiable features as divisional boundaries.

The Committee was faced with a situation where only nine of the 37 federal electoral divisions in Victoria fell within the acceptable numerical range for projected electors as at 17 June 2014. Therefore, widespread change was unavoidable in meeting the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.

A number of enrolment patterns emerged, as illustrated in Maps 1 and 2, which guided the Committee in its deliberations. In particular, the Committee was cognisant of:

- several divisions surrounding the Melbourne metropolitan fringe which contain well over the number of permissible electors, including:
  - a cluster of three divisions, Lalor, Gorton and Calwell, west of Melbourne with average projected enrolment more than 20% above that for the state, and
  - the Division of McEwen with projected enrolment 21.35% above the state average and sharing boundaries with seven divisions below the projected average;
- a group of 13 adjoining metropolitan divisions in the east, Kooyong, Menzies, Deakin, Higgins, Chisholm, Bruce, Goldstein, Aston, Casey, Hotham, Jagajaga, Batman and Scullin, with average projected enrolment nearly 7% below the state average; and
- a ring of five rural divisions, Wannon, Mallee, Murray, Indi and McMillan, with average projected enrolment more than 6% below the state average.

The fundamental challenge for the Committee was to redraw the boundaries so that electors from the divisions with high projected enrolment supplemented those divisions which had to grow to satisfy the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act. To achieve this outcome, the Committee first focussed on the metropolitan fringe divisions which needed to lose electors.

McEwen's unique position as a bridging division between the low enrolment growth metropolitan divisions to its south and rural divisions to its north made it a logical starting point.

The Committee has proposed that south-western McEwen be combined with the northern part of the Division of Calwell, which has high projected enrolment in its north-western metropolitan area, and southern Bendigo to create a new division named Burke. The Committee noted that projected enrolment for Bendigo is verging on the maximum permissible range. The creation of a division in the north-western metropolitan fringe reflects the high projected enrolment

growth in this region, better delineates urban and rural areas, and positions the Committee to realign other divisions in and around the western growth belt.

The name Burke is proposed in recognition of Australian explorer Robert O'Hara Burke. Significantly, 2010 is the 150th anniversary of the epic Burke and Wills expedition from Melbourne to the Gulf of Carpentaria. The proposed Division of Burke contains three of the historic campsites used by his expedition.

From McEwen, the Committee continued its considerations of the south-western electoral divisions, beginning in the metropolitan area and the provincial divisions along the Port Phillip Bay and the Southern Ocean coastlines, and progressively redrawing the boundaries so that each division contained the required number of projected electors.

This led to a series of consequential transfers throughout regional Victoria where supplementation was needed. The cumulative effect of this approach left the Division of Murray with no contact with the Murray River itself and well under the numerical tolerance. Similarly the remaining part of the Division of McEwen was well under the enrolment limit. Indi, having gained the Moira Shire, had more enrolment than required but not enough to supplement both Murray and McEwen. Therefore, the Committee has proposed that the western portion of Indi<sup>1</sup> be combined with the remainder of Murray and the northern parts of McEwen into a single division which retains the name McEwen. Murray has been dispersed to address the deficit in the surrounding rural divisions.

The Committee then addressed the low enrolment divisions in the south-east metropolitan area by proposing that the Docklands area be relocated from the Division of Melbourne to the Division of Melbourne Ports, setting up a series of consequential transfers throughout the inner eastern divisions. This leaves the Division of Casey needing to gain electors. These have been drawn from McEwen, making Casey more rural in nature and thereby reflecting a strong community of interest.

The Committee's proposal makes no change to the Division of Ballarat, and only minor changes to the divisions of Flinders, Dunkley and Gippsland.

Overall, 16.99% of electors change their federal electoral division as a result of the proposed redistribution.

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1 Indi is an Aboriginal name for the Murray River

# The 2010 Proposed Redistribution of Victoria

## Report of the Redistribution Committee

### Representation of Victoria in the House of Representatives

1. On 17 February 2009, the Electoral Commissioner made a determination on state and territory representation entitlements under section 48(1) of the *Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918* (the Electoral Act). Under the determination, Victoria retained its entitlement to 37 members of the House of Representatives.

### Direction for a redistribution of Victorian electoral divisions

2. In accordance with section 59(2) of the Electoral Act, a direction to commence a redistribution shall be made if a period of seven years after the day on which the state was last distributed into electoral divisions has expired. The direction must be made within 30 days after the expiration of the seven-year period.
3. Victoria was last distributed into electoral divisions on 29 January 2003. Therefore, on 1 February 2010, the Australian Electoral Commission (the Electoral Commission) directed by notice published in the Commonwealth Government Gazette (the Gazette)<sup>2</sup> that a redistribution was to commence in Victoria.
4. On 1 February 2010, the number of electors enrolled in Victoria was 3 479 476. Redistribution statistics, which show the detailed electoral enrolment figures as at 1 February 2010, were made available on the Australian Electoral Commission (AEC) website. In addition, copies were available at the Victoria State Office of the AEC in Melbourne. The statistics were given at the following levels:
  - Census Collection District (CCD)
  - Statistical Local Area (SLA)
  - Electoral Division
  - State.

### Quota

5. Under section 65 of the Electoral Act, the Electoral Commissioner determined that the quota of electors for Victoria was 94 040 (3 479 476 divided by 37 members). Thus, the permitted range of 10% below and above the quota is from 84 636 to 103 444 respectively as at 1 February 2010. In making its proposals for the state, the Redistribution Committee is not permitted to propose divisions whose elector numbers fall outside that range. (Table 1 and Table 6)

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2 Commonwealth of Australia Gazette No. S 13, Monday, 1 February 2010

**Table 1: Determination of the quota**

Number of divisions into which Victoria is to be distributed	37
Number of electors in Victoria as at 1 February 2010	3 479 476
Quota for Victoria	94 040
Permissible maximum number of electors (+10%) in a division	103 444
Permissible minimum number of electors (-10%) in a division	84 636

**Enrolment projections**

6. Section 66(3)(a) of the Electoral Act requires the Redistribution Committee to endeavour to ensure that, 'as far as practicable', the number of electors enrolled in each division in Victoria not be more than 3.5% above or below the average divisional enrolment at the projection time determined under section 63A. The projection time for Victoria is 17 June 2014, which is three years and six months after the expected date of the redistribution determination.
7. The Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) supplied enrolment projections using AEC enrolment data and a cohort-component method to project the enrolment of each CCD to 17 June 2014. Divisional Returning Officers (DROs) of the AEC examined the ABS projections in the light of their local knowledge and experience, and where appropriate, substituted their own projections<sup>3</sup>. DROs made use of information supplied by relevant local authority planning and statistical groups, as well as their own resources in undertaking this task. The Australian Electoral Officer for Victoria also reviewed the projections.
8. The projections were made available on the AEC website to persons or organisations interested in using them as an indication of the likely growth of elector enrolment and as an aid to the preparation of public suggestions, or comments on public suggestions.
9. The projected total enrolment for Victoria on 17 June 2014 is 3 745 205, resulting in an average projected divisional enrolment of 101 222. Thus the permissible variance, being within the range of plus or minus 3.5% of the average projected enrolment figure, is between 97 680 and 104 764 electors. (Table 2 and Table 6) The Redistribution Committee must endeavour to ensure that each proposed division falls within that range.

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<sup>3</sup> As noted in the Joint Standing Committee on Electoral Matters' *Report on the Effectiveness and Appropriateness of the Redistribution Provisions of Parts III and IV of the Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918* (December 1995)

**Table 2: Enrolment projections at 17 June 2014**

Number of divisions into which Victoria is to be distributed	37
Projected number of electors in Victoria at 17 June 2014	3 745 205
Average enrolment for Victoria at 17 June 2014	101 222
103.5% of average enrolment projected at 17 June 2014	104 764
96.5% of average enrolment projected at 17 June 2014	97 680

**Appointment of the Redistribution Committee for Victoria**

10. In accordance with section 60 of the Electoral Act, the Electoral Commission appointed the Redistribution Committee for Victoria on 3 May 2010. The Committee comprised the following members:

Electoral Commissioner	Mr Ed Killesteyn
Australian Electoral Officer for Victoria	Mrs Jenni McMullan
Surveyor-General of Victoria	Mr John E Tulloch
Auditor-General of Victoria	Mr Des Pearson

Committee members met on 11 May, 21 May, 31 May and 7 June 2010.

**Invitations to submit public suggestions and comments**

11. In accordance with section 64 of the Electoral Act, the Electoral Commissioner invited written public suggestions and written comments on those suggestions by notice published in the Gazette on 10 March 2010, and in *The Age* and the *Herald Sun* newspapers on 13 March 2010.

12. At the prescribed closing time on 9 April 2010, 12 public suggestions had been received from:

- Michael Hedger
- Chris J Harkin and Stephen L Hart
- Barry and Enid Young
- Dr Mark Mulcair
- Craig Rickards
- Peter L Twomey
- Luke O'Sullivan, State Director, The Nationals for Regional Victoria
- Mr Norm Ellis
- Nicholas Reece, Victorian ALP State Secretary
- Charles Richardson

- Stephen Luntz, Australian Greens Victoria
  - Tony Nutt, State Director, Liberal Party of Australia, Victorian Division.
13. Copies of these suggestions were made available for perusal at the office of the Australian Electoral Officer for Victoria in Melbourne from 12 April 2010 as required by the Electoral Act. The suggestions were also made available on the AEC website.
14. At the prescribed closing time on 23 April 2010, nine comments on the suggestions had been received from:
- Martin Gordon
  - Mackenzie Craig
  - Dr Mark Mulcair
  - Keppel and Helen Turnour
  - Marty Richardson
  - Stephen Hart
  - Charles Richardson
  - Tony Nutt, State Director, Liberal Party of Australia, Victorian Division
  - Stephen Luntz.
15. The comments on suggestions were made available to members of the public for perusal at the office of the Australian Electoral Officer for Victoria in Melbourne and were also published on the AEC website.
16. As required by section 64(4) of the Electoral Act, the Committee considered all the public suggestions and comments on suggestions, which had been lodged within the statutory timeframe.

### **Statutory requirements for the making of a proposed redistribution**

17. Section 66(1) of the Electoral Act requires the Redistribution Committee for Victoria to make a proposed redistribution of the state.
18. Sections 66(3) and 66(3A) of the Electoral Act prescribe that:
- (3) In making the proposed redistribution, the Redistribution Committee:*
- (a) shall, as far as practicable, endeavour to ensure that, if the State or Territory were redistributed in accordance with the proposed redistribution, the number of electors enrolled in each Electoral Division in the State or Territory would not, at the projection time determined under section 63A, be less than 96.5% or more than 103.5% of the average divisional enrolment of that State or Territory at that time; and*
  - (b) subject to paragraph (a), shall give due consideration, in relation to each proposed Electoral Division, to:*

- (i) *community of interests within the proposed Electoral Division, including economic, social and regional interests;*
- (ii) *means of communication and travel within the proposed Electoral Division;*
- (iv) *the physical features and area of the proposed Electoral Division; and*
- (v) *the boundaries of existing Divisions in the State or Territory;*

*and subject thereto the quota of electors for the State or Territory shall be the basis for the proposed redistribution, and the Redistribution Committee may adopt a margin of allowance, to be used whenever necessary, but in no case shall the quota be departed from to a greater extent than one-tenth more or one-tenth less.*

- (3A) *When applying subsection (3), the Redistribution Committee must treat the matter in subparagraph (3)(b)(v) as subordinate to the matters in subparagraphs (3)(b)(i), (ii) and (iv).'*

19. These statutory requirements are expressed in a hierarchical order which puts, ‘as far as practicable’, the ‘endeavour to ensure’ a division will fall within the projected enrolment range first; the considerations of ‘community of interests within [a division] including economic, social and regional interests’, ‘means of communication and travel within [a division]’ and ‘the physical features and area of [a division]’ second; and ‘the boundaries of existing Divisions’ third – while stating that, subject to these matters, ‘the quota of electors for the State ... shall be the basis for the redistribution’ and that ‘the Redistribution Committee may adopt a margin of allowance’ not departing from the quota further than by one-tenth more or less.

20. The purpose of paragraph 3(a) is suggested by its history. It has undergone some transformation since the *Commonwealth Electoral Legislation Amendment Act 1983* stipulated that boundaries were to be drawn, as far as practicable, to achieve equal numbers of electors in each of a state’s electorates three-and-a-half years after a redistribution. By 1984 ‘it was observed that the three-and-a-half year rule had in some areas forced the adoption, on purely numerical grounds, of boundaries which took little account of perceived community of interest’<sup>4</sup>. Therefore, in 1987, the rule was relaxed to permit a measure of tolerance to plus or minus two percent from average projected enrolment. Subsequently, the Parliament of Australia Joint Standing Committee on Electoral Matters concluded that:

‘the numerical criteria do not allow “due consideration”, in the words of the Act, to be given to the qualitative factors. Rather, the political parties and others attempting to frame electoral boundaries essentially find themselves engaged in

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4 Report of the Joint Standing Committee on Electoral Matters on *The Effectiveness and Appropriateness of the Redistribution Provisions of Parts III and IV of the Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918* (December 1995) Section 4.3

a mathematical modelling exercise. In order to relax the enrolment requirements to that extent necessary to allow a realistic degree of flexibility the Committee recommends ... that subsections 66(3)(a) and 73(4)(a) of the Electoral Act be amended, so as to extend the variation from average divisional enrolment allowed three-and-a-half years after a redistribution from two to 3.5 percent.<sup>5</sup>

21. The Joint Standing Committee also, in the same report, refers to its recommended amendment as one that 'would maintain substantial restrictions on malapportionment [and] would allow other legitimate policy objectives to be more effectively met'.
22. Paragraph 3(a) follows this recommendation. The terms of the recommendation, and the discussion which preceded it, make clear the purpose of paragraph 3(a), as it now stands, and how it was intended to interact with the other criteria set out in the subparagraphs of paragraph (b), to which also 'due consideration' must be given. The Redistribution Committee has considered the suggestions and comments and made its proposed redistribution on this basis.
23. In summary, the primary criteria are:
  - endeavouring to ensure that the number of electors in the proposed divisions are within a range of 3.5% below or above the average divisional enrolment at the projection time; and
  - ensuring that current enrolments are within 10% below or above the quota.
24. The secondary criteria are community of interests, means of communication and travel, and physical features and area. The Committee also considers the boundaries of existing divisions, however this criterion is subordinate to the others.

### **Technical procedures**

25. The AEC maintains the electoral roll on the basis of alignment to CCDs, and is able to provide statistical data on enrolments and projected enrolments at this level. Accordingly, in formulating its proposals, the Committee used CCDs as its basic building blocks. The CCDs have defined boundaries and are of differing sizes and shapes. In cases where the Committee considered that a particular CCD boundary was inappropriate for use as an electoral division boundary, the CCD was split to provide a more meaningful boundary.
26. The indicative area of electoral divisions in Victoria has been calculated by aggregating the area of:
  - all land-based CCDs
  - any parts of land-based CCDs
  - any lakes, ponds, rivers, creeks, wetlands or marshes not already included in land-based CCDs, that are contained within the divisional boundary of each electoral division.

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<sup>5</sup> Ibid. Section 4.11

27. Areas are calculated on the *Geocentric Datum of Australia* (GDA94) spheroid using the AEC *Electoral Boundary Mapping System* (EBMS), developed within the 'MapInfo Professional' software package.
28. The Committee used EBMS as an aid to modelling various boundary options. This system was also made available for public use at the office of the Australian Electoral Officer for Victoria in Melbourne.

### **Analysis of population trends**

29. ABS population statistics indicate Victoria has experienced average population growth in line with the national growth rate: 2.2% compared to the national average of 2.1% for the 12 months ending 30 June 2009.<sup>6</sup>
30. ABS statistics show that the Melbourne Statistical Division, which encompasses the area bounded by the Wyndham, Melton, Hume, Whittlesea, Yarra Ranges, Cardinia, Casey and Mornington Peninsula Local Government Areas (LGAs), represents approximately 73.4% of Victoria's population. The Melbourne Statistical District also accounted for 80.4% of Victoria's population growth in the 12 months ending June 2009. More than half of the LGAs in Melbourne experienced growth above the state rate of 2.2%. This growth has been concentrated in the outer suburban fringe areas of Melbourne.<sup>7</sup>
31. The highest growth LGAs in Victoria were Wyndham, in the south-west of Melbourne, Casey to the south-east of Melbourne and Melton to the west. All these LGAs fall within the Melbourne Statistical Division.
32. The fastest population growth outside of the Melbourne Statistical District occurred in the coastal LGA of Surf Coast, south-west of Geelong. The largest increase in population in regional Victoria occurred in the LGA of Greater Geelong, followed by Ballarat and Greater Bendigo.
33. Three LGAs experienced population decline: Northern Grampians, Loddon and Murrindindi. Northern Grampians and Loddon in Victoria's north-west declined marginally while Murrindindi experienced a more substantial decline due to the destruction of nearly 1 300 houses in the February 2009 bushfires.

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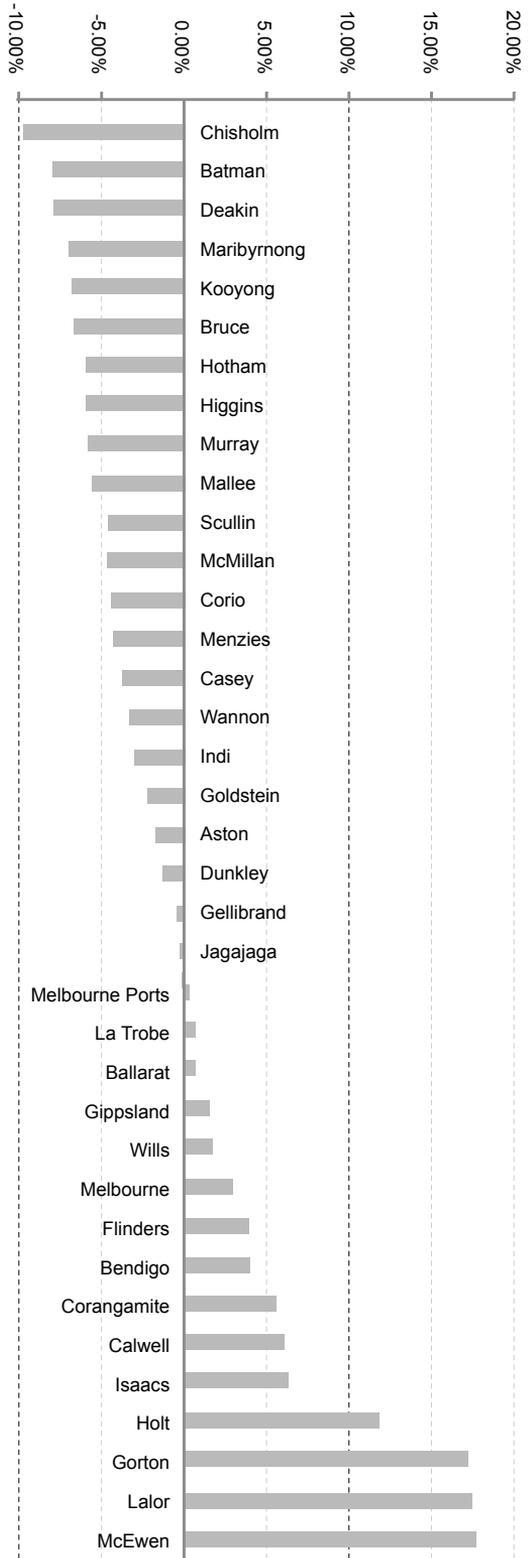
<sup>6</sup> ABS, *Regional Population Growth, Australia, 2008-09* Catalogue No: 3218.0

<sup>7</sup> *Ibid*

## **Enrolment in existing divisions as at 1 February 2010**

34. Enrolment as at 1 February 2010 varies markedly across the state, from a low of 85 187 electors in the Division of Chisholm to a high of 110 741 in the Division of McEwen. (Table 5)
35. As illustrated in Graph 1:
- 15 divisions are currently above the enrolment quota of 94 040 with the Division of McEwen 17.76% above quota,
  - the remaining 22 divisions fall below the enrolment quota of 94 040 with the Division of Chisholm 9.41% below quota, and
  - four divisions are above the permissible 10% range of variation from the quota: McEwen, Lalor, Gorton and Holt. All other divisions are within the 10% range.

**Graph 1: Variation from enrolment quota as at 1 February 2010 for existing divisions**



## **Projected enrolment growth**

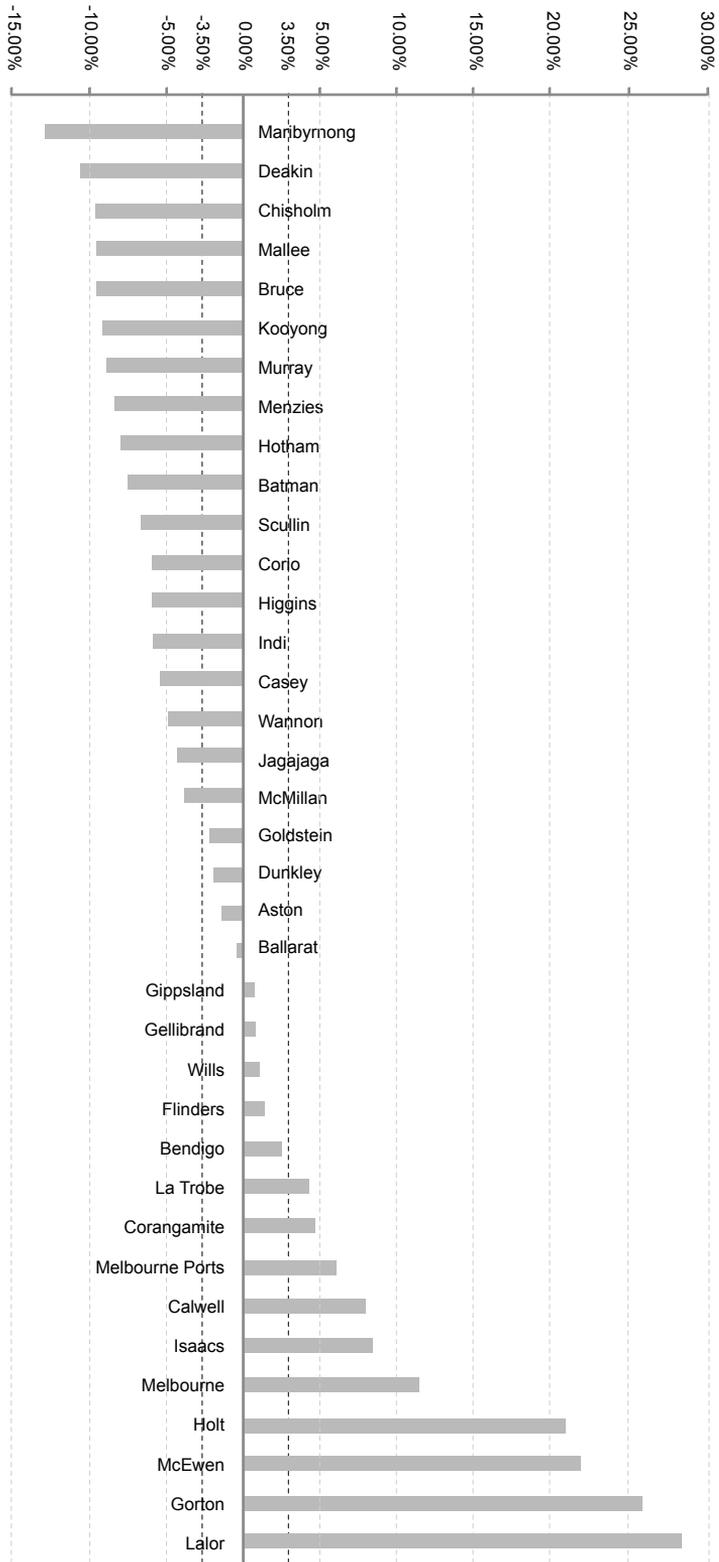
36. All electoral divisions in Victoria are expected to experience enrolment growth in the period to 2014. However, this growth varies across the state, from a low of 0.85% in the Division of Maribyrnong to a high of 17.04% in the Division of Lalor. The average enrolment growth over the projection period is 7.64%. Approximately two-thirds of divisions are below the state's average enrolment growth rate. (Table 5)
37. Patterns emerge in the varying rates of projected enrolment growth which reflect broader population trends outlined previously, such as the high growth on the fringe of the Melbourne Statistical District and more moderate growth rates in rural Victoria.
38. Projected enrolment growth in the inner city and outer suburban fringe areas is generally much higher than the rest of Victoria, with the divisions of Melbourne, Melbourne Ports, Gorton, Holt, Lalor and McEwen all projected to have growth exceeding 10%. In contrast, the divisions encircling the inner city areas of Melbourne have low projected growth rates, including the divisions of Maribyrnong, Jagajaga and Menzies. The rural divisions of Mallee, Murray and Indi in Victoria's north also have projected growth rates under 5%.

## **Enrolment projections for existing divisions as at 17 June 2014**

39. Projected enrolment numbers, shown in Table 5, range from a low of 88 363 in the Division of Maribyrnong to a high of 129 351 in the Division of Lalor. Graph 2 shows that nine existing divisions are projected to be within the permissible range of plus or minus 3.5% of the projected enrolment average.
40. The divisions of Maribyrnong and Deakin have the lowest projected enrolment at minus 12.7% and minus 10.36% respectively. The following 16 divisions are also below the enrolment tolerance of 3.5%: Chisholm, Mallee, Bruce, Kooyong, Murray, Menzies, Hotham, Batman, Scullin, Corio, Higgins, Indi, Casey, Wannon, Jagajaga and McMillan.
41. The divisions of Lalor, Gorton, McEwen, Holt, Melbourne, Isaacs, Calwell, Melbourne Ports, Corangamite and La Trobe are projected to be over the enrolment tolerance of plus 3.5%, with Lalor and Gorton at 27.79% and 25.22% respectively.
42. The four demographic classifications of divisions used by the AEC were drawn on to further examine the enrolment projections. These classifications are: Inner Metropolitan, Outer Metropolitan, Provincial, and Rural. The existing divisions are classified as follows:
  - Inner Metropolitan divisions are Batman, Chisholm, Gellibrand, Goldstein, Higgins, Kooyong, Melbourne, Melbourne Ports and Wills: total of nine divisions,
  - Outer Metropolitan divisions are Aston, Bruce, Calwell, Casey, Deakin, Dunkley, Gorton, Holt, Hotham, Isaacs, Jagajaga, La Trobe, Lalor, Maribyrnong, Menzies and Scullin: total of 16 divisions,
  - Provincial divisions are Ballarat, Bendigo, Corangamite and Corio: total of four divisions, and

- Rural divisions are Flinders, Gippsland, Indi, Mallee, McEwen, McMillan, Murray and Wannon: total of eight divisions.
43. In general terms, using these classifications for the 37 divisions, the variation from the average projected enrolment is:
- Inner Metropolitan: minus 1.77%
  - Outer Metropolitan: 1.44%
  - Provincial: 0.44%
  - Rural: minus 1.12%.
44. The Committee observed that the Outer Metropolitan divisions, having both the highest average variation and the highest number of divisions above the 3.5% tolerance, would largely need to supplement those divisions below the 3.5% tolerance.
45. Of the 18 divisions below the 3.5% tolerance for projected enrolment, 16 are neighbouring divisions forming two distinct geographical groups. One group comprises the rural divisions of Wannon, Mallee, Murray, Indi and McMillan, while the other comprises the metropolitan divisions of Scullin, Batman, Jagajaga, Menzies, Casey, Kooyong, Higgins, Chisholm, Deakin, Bruce and Hotham.
46. Of the ten divisions above the 3.5% tolerance for projected enrolment, nine are neighbouring divisions forming two distinct geographical groups. One group comprises Lalor, Gorton, Calwell, McEwen, La Trobe, Holt and Isaacs, which form a ring on the fringe of Melbourne. The other group consists of Melbourne Ports and Melbourne.
47. The Committee noted that this diverse pattern of projected enrolment would guide the development of the proposal.
48. Maps 1 and 2 illustrate the 2014 projected enrolment for the 37 current divisions. Divisions above the 3.5% projected enrolment limit of 104 764 are shown in dark grey, those below the 3.5% projected enrolment limit of 97 680 are shown in white, while those divisions within the 3.5% projected enrolment range are shown in light grey.

**Graph 2: Variation from average projected enrolment as at 17 June 2014 for existing divisions**



**Map 1: Projected enrolment for existing divisions as at 17 June 2014 – Provincial and rural Victoria**





## **General strategy**

49. The Committee's general strategy for formulating proposed electoral boundaries was based on, and conforms with, the requirements of the Electoral Act.
50. The Committee acknowledged the importance of achieving equity in relation to the number of electors in each electoral division. The Committee also noted the flexibility provided by the statistical tolerances contained in the Electoral Act. The Committee considered that, where necessary, the use of these tolerances allowed it to construct divisions which addressed all other criteria.
51. The Committee considered the public suggestions and comments in its deliberations. These public submissions are outlined in the next section. While no submission was adopted in its entirety, the intentions of many are reflected in the proposed redistribution.
52. Victoria's pattern of projected enrolment shows large variations, with 28 of the 37 divisions requiring alteration to comply with the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.
53. Apart from the challenges presented to the Committee by the pattern of projected enrolment, the state's geographical features and transport corridors and facilities, such as roads and railways, were also factors considered during the development of the proposal.
54. The Committee was mindful of the need to consider community of interests in proposing new boundaries, accepting that there could be more than one community of interest within a division. Local government and regional boundaries were used extensively in rural and regional areas as indicators of community of interests. The Committee adopted this approach based on the prominent role that local government plays in providing a significant range of services to, and in representing the interests of, their communities in rural and regional Victoria. Geographical features such as the Great Dividing Range and state borders also impacted on the configuration of the boundaries.
55. These considerations notwithstanding, maintaining the characteristics of rural divisions was given high importance by the Committee. However, the low enrolment density of regional Victoria necessitated shifting large geographical areas in some instances. The Committee deemed such shifts appropriate given that maintaining the boundaries of existing divisions is subordinate to the other criteria specified in section 66 of the Electoral Act.
56. The Committee considered that, within the greater Melbourne area, local government boundaries were less significant given the diversity of interests and the relative accessibility and availability of economic and social services within these more closely populated regions. Wherever possible, the Committee sought to design metropolitan divisions using identifiable boundaries including major rivers, freeways, highways, railway lines and other readily identifiable features.

57. The Committee noted the variation in population density across the state, reflected in enrolment patterns, and observed that within the greater Melbourne area and in major provincial centres, population density was markedly higher than in the rest of the state.
58. Projected enrolment growth across the state is also highly variable. Enrolment growth is projected to become more concentrated in the centre of Melbourne and the outer metropolitan area with low growth projected in rural Victoria and the inner eastern metropolitan suburbs.
59. The geographic proximity of divisions over the allowable projected enrolment variance, particularly in the northern and western outer metropolitan divisions, was key in identifying the areas where more significant change was needed. Likewise, the proximity of divisions under the allowable projected enrolment variation in metropolitan divisions south of the Yarra River and rural divisions in the north of Victoria shaped the direction of the Committee's proposal.
60. The Committee proposes, to a large extent, that areas with relatively high projected enrolment supplement those divisions which must gain electors. In the north-western growth belt, where enrolment projections are highly concentrated, the Committee proposes that a new division, named 'Burke', be created. The remainder of excess enrolment in this region was used to supplement under enrolled metropolitan divisions, resulting in a series of transfers in the south-western provincial divisions and throughout regional Victoria, the cumulative effect of which was the abolition of the existing Division of Murray in Victoria's north.
61. The Committee concluded that the low enrolment projections made it no longer feasible to maintain three divisions in northern regional Victoria without significant compromise to community of interests or without crossing significant geographical boundaries. The retention of three divisions in this area would necessitate the splitting of numerous rural shires and force one or more rural divisions south; meaning they would either have to extend from the Victoria / New South Wales border to the Melbourne metropolitan fringe or severely disrupt the provincial divisions of Bendigo and Ballarat which do not require substantial change.

### **Public suggestions and comments**

62. The Committee considered all views presented in the public suggestions and comments, which had been lodged within the statutory timeframe. Suggestions and comments are provided in full in the CD included with this report.
63. Submissions addressing the state as a whole adopted varying approaches and proposed moving between, approximately, 9% to 25% of electors. The Committee acknowledged that a range of different, legitimate options could be applied to achieve a redistribution outcome for Victoria.
64. The Committee noted that those submissions dealing with specific regions of the state needed to be considered in the broader context of their effect on the state as a whole.

Submissions dealing with specific regions generally sought to improve boundaries by strengthening local community of interests through the inclusion of neighbouring localities or by adopting LGA boundaries.

65. A number of submissions proposed the creation of a new division in the growth areas of Melbourne’s outer west and the abolition of either a rural or inner metropolitan division. Other submissions suggested the existing 37 divisions remain substantially in their current configuration and retain their names. However, the majority of state-wide submissions significantly alter at least one of the 37 divisions to the extent that, if adopted, the Committee would need to consider either renaming or abolishing the affected division.
66. The following table outlines key themes contained within the public suggestions and comments, and how the Committee responded to them, having regard to the requirements of the Electoral Act.

**Table 3: Key Themes**

<b>Suggestions and Comments</b>	<b>The Committee’s Proposal</b>
Create a new division within the growth areas of Melbourne’s outer west.	Creates a new division in the outer north-west of Melbourne.
Adopt the LGA boundaries in rural seats wherever possible to maintain community of interests.	Adopts LGA boundaries, where possible, as divisional boundaries in rural and regional areas. This led to the Shires of Moira, Colac-Otway, Macedon Ranges and Northern Grampians being unified in single divisions.
Retain existing rural divisions, with adjustments to address the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.	Abolishes the Division of Murray and creates a division in the outer western metropolitan area. Three suggestions supported abolishing a rural division in favour of a new metropolitan division in the outer west. The Committee’s proposal retains the existing number of divisions which are fundamentally rural in nature, with Casey taking on more rural characteristics than it contains at present.
Use major roads, rivers, freeways and suburb boundaries wherever possible.	Uses suburb boundaries, along with major roads, rivers and freeways, where community of interests could be preserved and numerical requirements met.

Transfer growth across the Yarra River between the divisions of McEwen and Casey.	Extends the Division of Casey across the Yarra River to include all areas of Yarra Ranges LGA previously incorporated in the Division of McEwen.
Transfer Alphington/Fairfield areas to the Division of Batman from the Division of Melbourne.	Uses the suburb of Clifton Hill as the boundary for the Division of Melbourne, with all of Alphington and Fairfield transferring into the Division of Batman.
Transfer Strathbogie Shire from Division of Indi to Division of Murray.	Places Strathbogie Shire in the realigned Division of McEwen. The Committee considered the implications of moving Strathbogie Shire into the Division of Murray, but the move was insufficient to address the shortfall in electors.

### **Guidelines for the naming of divisions**

67. Naming of federal divisions has been the subject of a number of recommendations from parliamentary committees. The *Guidelines for Naming Divisions* were developed from the recommendations made by the 1995 Inquiry of the Joint Standing Committee on Electoral Matters. These *Guidelines* were offered to interested persons when this redistribution was advertised, and are publicly available on the AEC website.

### **Renaming of division**

68. A number of public submissions proposed names for divisions. The Committee acknowledged the contribution to Australian society of those individuals suggested for consideration. The Committee sought to propose the name of an individual who, in addition to having 'rendered outstanding service to their country', had an association with the region where the division was located. Therefore the Committee proposes to name the new division 'Burke', in recognition of the explorer Robert O'Hara Burke (1821 – 1861). The Committee considers that 'Burke' is an appropriate choice of name given Mr Burke's association with the area.
69. 2010 marks the 150th anniversary of the Burke and Wills expedition which departed Melbourne on 20 August 1860. The expedition, led by Burke, was the first to cross Australia from Melbourne to the Gulf of Carpentaria. The expedition passed through the proposed Division of Burke, with camps in the vicinity of the towns of Clarkefield, Lancefield and Baynton.

70. Mr Burke served the Victorian community in the proposed Division of Burke as a Police Inspector at Carlsruhe during 1853<sup>8</sup>.
71. The current Division of Wills recognises the explorer William Wills who accompanied Burke in 1860. Naming the new division 'Burke' would also acknowledge the leader of the expedition.
72. A federal electoral division named Burke, after the explorer Robert O'Hara Burke, previously existed in Victoria from 1949 to 1955 and from 1968 to 2003.
73. Map 3 shows an outline of the proposed Division of Burke, with the approximate locations of campsites 3 (Gardiner's – located near Clarkefield), 4 (Lancefield) and 5 (Dr Baynton's) established by Burke during his 1860 expedition<sup>9</sup>. The map also shows the town of Carlsruhe, where Mr Burke was a Police Inspector.

**Map 3: Proposed Division of Burke – 1860 expedition camps**



8 Kathleen Fitzpatrick, 'Burke, Robert O'Hara (1821 - 1861)', Australian Dictionary of Biography, Volume 3, MUP, 1969, pp 301-303. (<http://www.adb.online.anu.edu.au/biogs/A030280b.htm>)

9 B. J. Blanchen, Melbourne to Mendindie: A Tourist's Guide based on the Diaries of Ludwig Becker, The La Trobe Journal, No 22, State Library of Victoria, 1978. (<http://nishi.slv.vic.gov.au/latrobejournal/issue/latrobe-22/t1-g-t1.html>)

## Proposed redistribution of Victoria – by division

74. The Committee’s redistribution proposal, as outlined previously, is discussed in greater detail in the paragraphs that follow. Statistical summaries of the proposed divisions are provided in Tables 6 and 8. The summary of movement of electors between divisions as a result of the proposal is detailed in Table 7.
75. The proposed divisions are dealt with in the order in which they generally relate to each other. To assist the reader, this order is shown in the following table:

**Table 4: Divisions in order of discussion**

	Page		Page		Page
McEwen	22	Indi	30	Kooyong	38
Burke	23	Scullin	31	Chisholm	39
Calwell	24	Jagajaga	31	Bruce	40
Gorton	25	Batman	32	Deakin	40
Maribyrnong	26	Wills	33	Menzies	41
Gellibrand	26	Melbourne	33	Casey	42
Lalor	27	Melbourne Ports	34	Aston	42
Corio	27	Higgins	35	Holt	43
Corangamite	28	Goldstein	36	La Trobe	44
Wannon	29	Hotham	36	McMillan	44
Mallee	29	Isaacs	37	Gippsland	45
Bendigo	30	Dunkley	38		
Ballarat	30	Flinders	38		

### McEwen

76. McEwen had the highest enrolment in the state at the commencement of the redistribution. Projected enrolment as at 17 June 2014 for McEwen is 122 829, which is the third highest in the state. McEwen must lose at least 18 065 electors, and can lose up to 25 149 electors, and remain within the acceptable numerical range.
77. McEwen is positioned in the centre of Victoria and is bounded by the divisions of Casey, Menzies, Jagajaga, Scullin, Indi and McMillan which need to gain electors, La Trobe, Calwell and Lalor which need to lose electors, and Ballarat and Bendigo which are within the within the permissible range.
78. McEwen is a diverse electorate covering a broad geographic area which is predominantly rural in character. The Committee reasoned that the southern part of the division, much of which has become increasingly urbanised, was the obvious area to transfer to the under enrolled metropolitan divisions to the south, leaving the remainder of the existing McEwen with rural characteristics in line with the community of interests criteria.

79. To this end, the Committee proposes that McEwen's share of the Yarra Ranges LGA be transferred across the Yarra River to the Division of Casey. This transfer, involving 20 617 electors, was a common theme in the public suggestions and comments. It is further proposed that areas of Nillumbik LGA be transferred to the northern metropolitan divisions of Jagajaga and Scullin. McEwen loses territory either side of Eltham-Yarra Glen Road from localities such as Eltham, Research, Wattle Glen and Kangaroo Ground to Jagajaga totalling 11 737 electors. The majority of the localities of Yarrambat and Diamond Creek (4 617 electors) are transferred to Scullin. A further 2 856 electors in the localities of Epping and Wollert are transferred to Scullin from Whittlesea LGA.
80. McEwen's remaining urban territory is contained in the southern parts of Whittlesea and Macedon Ranges LGAs. These two regions wrap around the top of the existing Division of Calwell. As Calwell must lose electors, it is proposed that south-western parts of McEwen and northern Calwell be combined to form the basis of the new Division of Burke as part of a necessary realignment of the western outer metropolitan area to enable the numerical criteria to be satisfied.
81. Specifically, the Committee proposes that McEwen's share of Macedon Ranges LGA; including Woodend, Macedon, and Gisborne, as well as parts of Whittlesea LGA (including areas of Wollert, Mernda and South Morang) be transferred to the proposed Division of Burke. This involves the transfer of 34 686 electors.
82. The cumulative effect of the proposed alterations in McEwen's south and west means that McEwen now needs to gain electors.
83. The Committee proposes that to best maintain McEwen's rural community of interests the boundary be moved north to gain territory along the Hume Freeway as well as east to gain more of the Great Dividing Range. To this end, McEwen gains both Strathbogie and Mansfield LGAs with 13 793 electors from the Division of Indi. In addition, the Committee proposes that the Greater Shepparton LGA containing 40 500 electors be transferred from the Division of Murray.
84. The proposed McEwen supports a number of communities of interest including the Goulbourn Valley region and mountain districts. In excising territory on the fringe of metropolitan Melbourne, it also preserves the division's rural nature.
85. The proposed Division of McEwen has a projected enrolment of 102 609 or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 1.37%.

## **Burke**

86. Due to the high projected enrolment in the outer northern and western metropolitan divisions, and the proximity of those divisions to each other, the Committee proposes that a new division be created in this area. The creation of a new division in Melbourne's north-west was suggested in several public submissions. The Committee proposes that the new division, Burke, comprise areas transferred from McEwen, Calwell and Bendigo.

87. The proposed Burke is located in a similar area to the Division of Burke which existed prior to the 2003 Victorian Redistribution, and has within its boundaries several of the camping sites used during the historic 1860 Burke and Wills expedition.
88. The Division of Calwell has a projected enrolment of 109 034, meaning it must reduce in size. The satellite nature of Calwell's population centres limited the Committee's options when selecting a suitable boundary. The Committee proposes adopting Jackson's Creek and Somerton Road as readily identifiable boundaries between Calwell and Burke. As a result, 59 111 electors transfer into Burke from the Hume LGA localities of Sunbury, Roxburgh Park and Craigieburn.
89. The Committee proposes McEwen loses its share of Macedon Ranges LGA, which is north of the regions excised from Calwell and connected by the Calder Highway and the Melbourne-Murray River Railway Line. This involves the transfer of 23 225 electors from McEwen to Burke.
90. It is also proposed that a portion of Whittlesea LGA south of Donnybrook Road, including areas such as Mernda and South Morang on the urban fringe, be transferred from McEwen. This area is connected to the territory gained from Calwell by both Donnybrook and Craigieburn Roads and both areas contain growth localities on the urban fringe. 11 461 electors are transferred from McEwen to Burke.
91. Although Bendigo is not required to alter under the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act, the Committee proposes to unite Macedon Ranges LGA in Burke to enhance community of interests and bring Burke closer to the projected average enrolment. This involves the transfer of 6 234 electors from Bendigo to Burke.
92. The proposed Division of Burke has a projected enrolment of 100 031 or a variation from the projected average of minus 1.18%.

## **Calwell**

93. Projected enrolment for Calwell is above the permissible numerical range at 109 034. Calwell must lose at least 4 270 electors. It can lose up to 11 354 electors and remain within the tolerance range.
94. Calwell is surrounded by the divisions of McEwen, Scullin, Wills, Maribyrnong, Gorton and Lalor. Only Wills is projected to be within the acceptable numerical range.
95. Following the loss of 59 111 electors to Burke, Calwell must now gain electors to remain within the numerical range.
96. Given the Division of Scullin to the east requires additional electors and Wills to the south is separated from Calwell by the Western Ring Road, the Committee proposes that Calwell gain areas of Brimbank LGA from the Division of Gorton, including the remainder of Keilor, Keilor North, Keilor Downs, Delahey and Sydenham. This transfer involves 48 295 electors.

97. To achieve the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act, further areas of Brimbank LGA including parts of St Albans are proposed for transfer from Division of Maribyrnong. This results in 8 027 electors being moved.
98. To ensure that both Calwell and Maribyrnong adhere to the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act, it is then proposed that Calwell lose 2 524 electors from Hume LGA, increasing the Division of Maribyrnong's share of the locality of Tullamarine.
99. The proposed Division of Calwell contains clusters of suburbs to the east and west of the Melbourne Airport connected by the Calder Freeway and Western Ring Road. The Tullamarine Freeway and Sunbury Road run north through the middle of the division. These major roads and arterials provide strong transport links throughout the division.
100. This results in a projected enrolment for Calwell of 103 721 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 2.47%.

## **Gorton**

101. Projected enrolment for the Division of Gorton is well above the permissible range at 126 751 which is the second highest in the state. Gorton must lose at least 21 987 electors. It can lose up to 29 071 electors and remain within the numerical range.
102. Gorton is surrounded by the divisions of Maribyrnong, Lalor and Calwell.
103. Following the loss of 48 295 electors from Brimbank LGA to Calwell, Gorton must gain electors.
104. The Committee proposes to transfer into Gorton the remainder of Melton LGA from the Division of Lalor, which includes the localities of Toolern Vale, Melton, Melton South and Rockbank. This transfer of 32 494 electors means Gorton would once again exceed the numerical tolerance. However, the Committee believes it is highly desirable to unite all of Melton LGA in one electorate to address community of interests.
105. The Committee therefore proposes that the boundary between Gorton and Maribyrnong be altered to a combination of the Western Ring Road and Main Road in the St Albans area. This trading of territory results in a net loss of 7 528 electors from Gorton and places the localities of Sunshine West and Ardeer in Maribyrnong. Maribyrnong's share of St Albans south of Main Road is placed in Gorton. Adopting this clear and solid boundary between these divisions improves community of interests for both, with the clearest benefit being the unification of Sunshine and Sunshine West in Maribyrnong.
106. The proposed Division of Gorton becomes largely based on Melton LGA. Additional electors west of the Western Ring Road from the neighbouring LGA of Brimbank ensure the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act are met.
107. This results in a projected enrolment for Gorton of 103 422 or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 2.17%.

## **Maribyrnong**

108. Projected enrolment for the Division of Maribyrnong is 88 363 which is the lowest projected enrolment in the state. Maribyrnong also has the state's lowest projected rate of growth. Maribyrnong must gain at least 9 317 electors, but no more than 16 401 electors, to be within the permissible range.
109. Maribyrnong is surrounded by the divisions of Calwell, Wills, Melbourne, Gellibrand, Lalor and Gorton.
110. Previous transfers have seen Maribyrnong lose 5 503 electors to Calwell and gain 7 528 from Gorton, which means Maribyrnong must still gain to meet the numerical criteria.
111. The Committee proposes that Maribyrnong gain further areas of Moonee Valley LGA from the divisions of Melbourne and Wills. The area gained from Melbourne involves the transfer of 3 562 electors from the locality of Ascot Vale in the area east of Union Road which bounds the Maribyrnong River. The transfer from Wills moves 3 748 electors from the locality of Strathmore south of the Tullamarine Freeway. This area sits more naturally with the localities of Essendon and Essendon North in Maribyrnong given the transport routes of Mt Alexander Road and the Airport West Tram Line servicing the area.
112. As Maribyrnong still has capacity to gain electors and remain within tolerance, the Committee proposes that the Division of Maribyrnong gain the remainder of the locality of Maribyrnong from the Division of Gellibrand (6 068 electors). This further increases Maribyrnong's river territory and unites the locality of Maribyrnong in the division.
113. A minor alteration has been made to the divisional boundary between Maribyrnong and Lalor to adhere to the Western Ring Road and produce a more clearly defined line.
114. The proposed Division of Maribyrnong now contains the majority of Moonee Valley LGA which represents an enhanced community of interest.
115. This results in a projected enrolment for Maribyrnong of 103 770 or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 2.52%.

## **Gellibrand**

116. Projected enrolment for the Division of Gellibrand is 102 248 which is slightly above the projected average enrolment, but within the range of tolerance. Gellibrand's projected enrolment growth is a little over the state average. It can gain up to 2 516 electors or lose up to 4 568 electors and remain within the allowable numerical range.
117. Gellibrand adjoins the divisions of Maribyrnong and Lalor and is separated from Melbourne and Melbourne Ports by the readily recognisable boundaries of the Yarra and Maribyrnong Rivers. It is also bounded by Port Phillip Bay.

118. Following the loss of 6 068 electors to Maribyrnong, Gellibrand must gain electors to satisfy the numerical criteria.
119. The Committee proposes that Gellibrand gain the remainder of Hobsons Bay LGA from Lalor (2 554 electors). In addition, it is proposed that the 36 electors remaining in the locality of Laverton in Wyndham LGA be transferred together with 3 869 electors in the locality of Point Cook east of Point Cook Road.
120. The proposed Division of Gellibrand maintains a mix of inner suburban and bay side areas comparable to the existing division.
121. This results in a projected enrolment for Gellibrand of 102 639 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 1.4%.

## **Lalor**

122. Projected enrolment for the Division of Lalor is 129 351 which is the highest of all Victorian divisions. Lalor also has the highest projected enrolment growth rate at 17.04%. Lalor must lose a minimum of 24 587 electors. It can lose up to 31 671 electors and remain within the tolerance range.
123. Lalor is bounded by the divisions of Gellibrand, Maribyrnong, Gorton, Calwell, McEwen, Ballarat and Corio, and by the coastline to the south.
124. The Committee has sourced electors from Lalor to supplement Gellibrand, Gorton and Maribyrnong with a net loss of 38 957 electors. Lalor must now gain electors to adhere to the numerical criteria.
125. Given the proposed redrawing of the divisions to the north and east, Lalor can only gain from those divisions to its west.
126. The Committee believes that the transport routes of the Princes Freeway and the Geelong-Melbourne Railway Line connect Lalor more naturally to those areas currently in the Division of Corio, rather than the Division of Ballarat which requires no alteration. Therefore part of Greater Geelong LGA, including the localities of Lara, Avalon and Point Wilson, along with areas north and west of the Geelong Ring Road such as Anakie, Moorabool and part of Lovely Banks, is proposed to be transferred into Lalor. Consequently, 12 377 electors are transferred.
127. This results in a projected enrolment for Lalor of 102 771 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 1.53%.

## **Corio**

128. The Division of Corio is facing enrolment growth below the state average. Projected enrolment is 95 139. Being below the permissible range, Corio must gain at least 2 541 electors. It can gain up to 9 625 electors and still remain within the numerical range.

129. Corio is bounded by Corio Bay and the divisions of Lalor, Ballarat and Corangamite. The proposed loss of 12 377 electors in Greater Geelong LGA to Lalor means that Corio needs to gain significant numbers of additional electors. The proposed transfer to Lalor also means that Corio can now only gain from the Division of Corangamite.
130. The Committee proposes that Corio gain the area of the Bellarine Peninsula stretching from Corio Bay to the Barwon River from the Division of Corangamite. This involves the transfer of 19 391 electors in Greater Geelong LGA from Corangamite to Corio.
131. The Committee notes that the unification of the Bellarine Peninsula in a single division was common to several public suggestions, however, given the Committee's need to realign the outer metropolitan divisions west of Melbourne, it was not possible numerically to achieve this entirely. The Committee notes the community of interest between Ocean Grove and Barwon Heads in particular, but was unable to include this area in Corio without exceeding the allowable enrolment. The Committee saw the Barwon River as a readily identifiable boundary given the singular crossing point of Barwon Heads – Ocean Grove Road in the area.
132. The proposed Division of Corio uses a combination of the Geelong Ring Road, Barwon River, and the coast as boundaries resulting in a substantially more compact division based on Corio Bay and the Bellarine Peninsula.
133. This results in a projected enrolment for Corio of 102 153 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 0.92%.

### **Corangamite**

134. Projected enrolment for the Division of Corangamite is 106 032 which is slightly above the permissible range. Corangamite must lose at least 1 268 electors, but no more than 8 352 electors, to be within numerical tolerance range.
135. Corangamite adjoins the Surf Coast and the divisions of Corio, Wannon and Ballarat.
136. The proposed loss of 19 391 electors in the Bellarine Peninsula area of Greater Geelong LGA to the Division of Corio means that Corangamite requires additional electors to meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.
137. The Committee recognises that gaining the remainder of Golden Plains LGA from Ballarat would unite the LGA in one division. However, this transfer alone does not contain enough electors and would bring the boundary between Ballarat and Corangamite very close to Ballarat City.
138. The Committee believes that Corangamite's community of interests is better served by shifting west to gain the entire Corangamite LGA (12 112 electors) from the Division of Wannon.
139. This results in a projected enrolment for Corangamite of 98 753 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 2.44%.

## **Wannon**

140. Projected enrolment for the Division of Wannon is 96 331. Wannon must gain at least 1 349 electors, but no more than 8 433 electors, to remain within the permissible numerical range.
141. Wannon is bounded by the divisions of Corangamite, Ballarat, Bendigo and Mallee, as well as the South Australian border and the Southern Ocean coastline.
142. The proposed loss of Corangamite LGA (12 112 electors) to the Division of Corangamite means that Wannon requires a substantial number of additional electors to meet the requirements of the Electoral Act.
143. Given Wannon's location, and the proposed changes to the Division of Corangamite, it can only gain from the north or north east. The Committee considers that the transport routes of the Western Highway and Stawell – Horsham Railway Line naturally lead to Wannon gaining from the Division of Mallee. It is therefore proposed that the LGAs of Horsham, with 14 284 electors, and West Wimmera, with 3 215 electors, be transferred to Wannon. In addition, the Committee proposes uniting the LGA of Northern Grampians in Wannon, which it believes better serves community of interests in the region. The unification of Northern Grampians involves the transfer of 2 521 electors.
144. This results in a projected enrolment for Wannon of 104 239 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 2.98%.

## **Mallee**

145. Projected enrolment for the Division of Mallee is 91 721. Mallee must gain at least 5 959 electors, but no more than 13 043 electors, to be within the allowable numerical range.
146. Mallee is bounded by the South Australian border, the Murray River/New South Wales border and the divisions of Murray, Bendigo and Wannon.
147. The proposed loss of 20 020 electors from the Horsham, West Wimmera and Northern Grampians LGAs to Wannon means Mallee must gain significant electors to meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.
148. Given Mallee's impassable borders to the north and west, and the proposed realignment of Wannon to the south, Mallee can only gain electors from the divisions of Murray or Bendigo to its east.
149. The Committee proposes that Mallee extend east to gain that part of Loddon LGA currently in the Division of Murray and all of Campaspe LGA which includes Echuca, Rochester and the majority of Kyabram. This involves the transfer of 32 022 electors from the Division of Murray. These areas along the river have common interests in terms of tourism and trade to existing towns in Mallee such as Swan Hill. The Committee considered, but rejected, the transfer of the remainder of Loddon LGA from Bendigo,

as it would have brought both Mallee and Bendigo extremely close to the allowable numerical tolerance.

150. These changes result in a projected enrolment for Mallee of 103 723 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 2.47%.

### **Bendigo**

151. Projected enrolment for the Division of Bendigo is 104 722 which is at the high end of the allowable numerical range. Bendigo can gain up to 42 electors or lose up to 7 042 electors and meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.

152. Bendigo is bounded by the divisions of Ballarat, Wannon, Mallee, Murray, Indi and McEwen.

153. The proposed loss of 6 234 electors, being Bendigo's share of Macedon Ranges LGA, to the Division of Burke leaves Bendigo within the allowable numeric range.

154. Given the remainder of Bendigo largely comprises complete LGAs, which the Committee believes represent established community of interests, the Committee does not deem any further alteration to Bendigo necessary.

155. This results in a projected enrolment for Bendigo of 98 488 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 2.7%.

### **Ballarat**

156. Projected enrolment for Ballarat is 100 786 which meets the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act. Ballarat's projected enrolment growth approximates the state average.

157. Ballarat shares boundaries with McEwen, Lalor, Corio, Corangamite, Wannon and Bendigo.

158. All divisions bordering Ballarat have been brought within the numerical range specified by the Electoral Act through previously detailed transfers.

159. As Ballarat largely comprises complete LGAs, which the Committee considered represent established community of interests, the Committee does not propose to alter Ballarat's boundaries.

160. Ballarat's projected enrolment remains at 100 786 electors or minus 0.43%.

### **Indi**

161. Projected enrolment for Indi is 95 386 electors. Indi must gain at least 2 294 electors, but no more than 9 378 electors, to be within the required numerical range.

162. Indi is bounded by the New South Wales border to the north, and the divisions of Gippsland, McMillan, McEwen, Bendigo and Murray.

163. The proposed loss of 13 793 electors from Mansfield and Strathbogie LGAs and the Mount Buller Alpine Resort to the Division of McEwen, leaves Indi needing significant electors to meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act. It also leaves only three divisions sharing Indi's borders: Gippsland, McEwen and Murray.
164. The Committee considered the Great Dividing Range between Indi and Gippsland an imposing physical barrier and, given Gippsland does not require alteration, concluded that pushing Indi south would be detrimental to the composition of both divisions.
165. The Committee therefore proposes transferring the remainder of Moira LGA (19 880 electors) from Murray into Indi, uniting the LGA in one division and giving Indi a stronger Murray River focus to enhance community of interests in the region. The Committee considered this particularly appropriate given that Indi is an Aboriginal name for the Murray River. The transfer of Moira LGA, together with other moves described previously, means that the existing Division of Murray has been absorbed by the surrounding rural divisions. It is therefore proposed to abolish the Division of Murray.
166. This results in a projected enrolment for Indi of 101 473 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 0.25%.

### **Scullin**

167. Projected enrolment for Scullin is 94 598 electors. Scullin must gain at least 3 082 electors, but no more than 10 166 electors, to be within the numerical tolerance range.
168. Scullin shares boundaries with the divisions of McEwen, Jagajaga, Batman and Calwell.
169. The proposed gain of areas of Nillumbik and Whittlesea LGAs from McEwen, totalling 7 473 electors from the localities of Yarrambat, Diamond Creek, Epping, Wollert, Hurstbridge and Diamond Creek, brings Scullin within numerical tolerance.
170. The Committee proposes strengthening the boundary between Scullin and Jagajaga in the locality of Greensborough by adhering more closely to the Greensborough Highway / Bypass. This is also the LGA boundary between Nillumbik and Banyule. Consequently 1 421 electors are transferred from Scullin to Jagajaga.
171. This results in a projected enrolment for Scullin of 100 650 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 0.57%.

### **Jagajaga**

172. Projected enrolment for Jagajaga is 96 909 electors, meaning Jagajaga must gain at least 771 electors, but no more than 7 855 electors, to be within the numerical range. At 3.08%, its projected enrolment growth is also well below the state average.
173. Jagajaga is bounded by the divisions of McEwen, Scullin, Batman, Kooyong and Menzies.

174. The proposed alterations to McEwen add 11 737 electors to Jagajaga from Nillumbik LGA, including the localities of Kangaroo Ground, Watson's Creek, Bend of Islands and parts of Christmas Hills, Smiths Gully, Panton Hill, Wattle Glen and Diamond Creek.
175. The Committee also proposes that Jagajaga gain an increased portion of the locality of Greensborough from Scullin (1 421 electors) so as to adhere to the Greensborough Highway / Bypass, strengthening the boundary between the divisions. This means Jagajaga must now lose electors to meet the numerical criteria.
176. Given the alterations to the divisions north of Jagajaga, and the Yarra River barrier to the south and east, the Committee proposes that Jagajaga lose territory west to the Division of Batman. The Committee proposes to transfer the areas of Banyule LGA west of Waterdale Road. This option maintains a highly recognisable boundary between the two divisions and transfers 8 668 electors to Batman.
177. The Committee then proposes to transfer 2 047 electors from the locality of McLeod in Batman to Jagajaga, uniting all of McLeod within Jagajaga and providing a more clearly defined boundary between the two divisions.
178. This results in a projected enrolment for Jagajaga of 103 446 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 2.2%.

## **Batman**

179. The projected enrolment for Batman is 93 702 electors. Batman must gain at least 3 978 electors, and can gain up to 11 062 electors, and remain within the numerical range.
180. Batman shares boundaries with Scullin, Jagajaga, Melbourne and Wills.
181. The proposed loss of the locality of McLeod in Darebin LGA to Jagajaga, and the gain from Banyule LGA, results in a net transfer to Batman of 6 621 electors. This brings Batman within the numerical range specified in the Electoral Act.
182. The Committee proposes a further gain from the Division of Melbourne, being the suburbs of Fairfield and Alphington from Yarra LGA (1 615 electors). These localities are cut off from the southern parts of Yarra LGA by the bends of the Yarra itself and are better connected to the Division of Batman by the transport routes of Heidelberg Road and the Hurstbridge Railway Line. The transfer of these suburbs to Batman was a theme in the public suggestions and comments.
183. This results in a projected enrolment for Batman of 101 938 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 0.71%.

## **Wills**

184. Projected enrolment for Wills is 102 337 electors which meets the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act. Wills can gain up to 2 427 electors, or lose up to 4 657 electors, and remain within the numerical range.
185. Wills is bounded by the divisions of Melbourne, Batman, Calwell and Maribyrnong.
186. The proposed loss of 3 748 electors from the locality of Strathmore in Moonee Valley LGA to the Division of Maribyrnong means Wills must now gain a small number of electors to meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.
187. The boundaries of Wills largely follow those of Moreland LGA in the north and east and use well defined features such as waterways, major roads, highways and freeways.
188. The Committee proposes that those parts of Moreland LGA currently in the Division of Melbourne be transferred into Wills to maintain strong community of interests as recommended in a number of the public suggestions and comments. This involves the transfer of 3 956 electors in the localities of Brunswick, Brunswick East and Fitzroy North. It is proposed that a further 86 electors in Fitzroy North be gained from Yarra LGA so as to use Miller Street for a portion of the new boundary rather than the Yarra / Moreland LGA boundary line which is not well defined.
189. This results in a projected enrolment for Wills of 102 631 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 1.39%.

## **Melbourne**

190. Projected enrolment for Melbourne is 112 694 electors which is well above the average and outside the permissible range. Melbourne must lose at least 7 930 electors. It can lose up to 15 014 electors and remain within the numerical tolerance range.
191. Melbourne is bounded by the divisions of Melbourne Ports, Higgins, Kooyong, Batman, Wills, Maribyrnong and Gellibrand.
192. Proposed alterations to surrounding divisions result in Melbourne losing 1 615 from Yarra LGA to Batman, 3 562 electors from Moonee Valley LGA to Maribyrnong, and 4 042 from Moreland and Yarra LGAs to Wills. These transfers bring Melbourne within tolerance but close to the maximum allowable number of electors.
193. The Committee foresaw a need to bolster the enrolment south of the Yarra where the remaining divisions below the allowable numerical range require supplementation. Therefore the Committee proposes all the locality of Docklands in Melbourne City LGA (2 394 electors) be transferred to the Division of Melbourne Ports. Melbourne City is the only LGA in the inner metropolitan area which crosses the Yarra River. The Committee reasoned that uniting Docklands in Melbourne Ports was a logical way of increasing Melbourne Ports' excess so that it may in turn address the cluster of south-eastern

divisions under the allowable numerical range. Docklands also shares a community of interest with other business districts in Melbourne Ports such as Southbank.

194. This results in a projected enrolment for Melbourne of 101 081 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 0.14%.

### **Melbourne Ports**

195. Projected enrolment for Melbourne Ports is 107 152 electors which is above the allowable numerical range. Melbourne Ports must lose at least 2 388 electors, and can lose up to 9 472 electors and still meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.

196. Melbourne Ports is bounded by Port Phillip Bay and the divisions of Goldstein, Higgins, Melbourne and Gellibrand.

197. Proposed alterations to the Division of Melbourne transfer an additional 2 394 electors to Melbourne Ports from Melbourne City LGA and unite the locality of Docklands within Melbourne Ports. This transfer increases Melbourne Ports' excess enrolment, allowing it to supplement the divisions to its east which need to gain electors.

198. Melbourne Ports comprises two distinct wings: the metropolitan and coastal wing to the west of St Kilda Road and the more suburban wing to its east. The Committee reasoned that the more suburban south-eastern wing had synergies with the inner suburban divisions. However, the Committee found that directly supplementing these divisions with excess electors from Melbourne Ports could only be achieved numerically by adopting boundaries which followed minor streets. Therefore the Committee's proposal suggests trading some areas in Melbourne Ports with Higgins in order to meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act and maintain easily recognisable boundaries.

199. The Committee proposes moving 11 174 electors from the suburbs of Caulfield North and Caulfield East (Glen Eira LGA) in Melbourne Ports to Higgins. In return, it is proposed that 18 308 electors from the localities of South Yarra, Prahran and Windsor (Stonnington LGA) be transferred from Higgins to Melbourne Ports. This unites South Yarra and Windsor localities within a single division and provides a highly recognisable boundary between the two divisions using Williams, Dandenong and Orrong Roads.

200. The Committee proposes that virtually all of Melbourne Ports' remaining share of Glen Eira LGA (16 954 electors) be transferred to the Division of Goldstein as, in the Committee's view, the characteristics of this area bear more similarities to existing areas of Goldstein than to the proposed Melbourne Ports. This move includes the localities of Caulfield, Elsternwick and Gardenvale. The previously split suburbs of Caulfield South and Glen Huntly are also united in Goldstein.

201. Recognising the shared community of interest between Balacclava and St Kilda East, the Committee proposes that Melbourne Ports retain the portion of the locality of St Kilda East in Glen Eira LGA.

202. The proposed Melbourne Ports is a more geographically compact division comprising inner city suburbs and associated bay side areas. The eastern boundary uses a mixture of major roads and the LGA boundary between Port Phillip and Glen Eira.
203. These changes result in a projected enrolment for Melbourne Ports of 99 726 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 1.48%.

## **Higgins**

204. Projected enrolment for Higgins is 95 284 which is below the allowable numerical range. Higgins must gain at least 2 396 electors, but no more than 9 480 electors, to meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.
205. Higgins shares boundaries with Melbourne Ports, Goldstein, Hotham, Chisholm, Kooyong and Melbourne.
206. Through the Committee's proposed alterations to Melbourne Ports, Higgins has gained 11 174 electors from the localities of Caulfield North and Caulfield East (Glen Eira LGA). In turn, Higgins has lost 18 308 electors to Melbourne Ports from the localities of South Yarra, Prahran and Windsor (Stonnington LGA) meaning it must now gain a significant number of electors.
207. The Committee therefore proposes that Higgins gain additional parts of Glen Eira LGA from the divisions of Goldstein and Hotham as outlined in several public suggestions. This involves transferring 5 115 electors in the localities of Carnegie and Ormond from the Division of Goldstein and 8 609 electors in the localities of Carnegie and Murrumbeena from the Division of Hotham. As a result, Carnegie and Murrumbeena are united in Higgins and the southern divisional boundary becomes the clearly identifiable thoroughfare of North Road.
208. To assist in addressing the numerical shortfalls in those divisions to the east of Higgins, the Committee proposes that 3 582 electors in Higgins' share of the locality of Hughesdale (Monash LGA), as well as part of the locality of Malvern East (Stonnington LGA), be transferred from Higgins to the Division of Chisholm. The excised area, bounded by Poath Road and the Glen Waverley Railway Line, contains Chadstone Shopping Centre which sits naturally with the locality of Chadstone in the Division of Chisholm.
209. Although the Committee's proposal alters the eastern, western, and southern boundaries of the division, Higgins retains 73 394 electors from the existing division and represents a grouping of inner suburban areas sharing similar socio-economic communities of interest.
210. In addition, numerous well established transport routes connect the division's localities, such as the Monash Freeway, Dandenong Road, and numerous railway, tram and bus routes.

211. This results in a projected enrolment for Higgins of 98 292 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 2.89%.

### **Goldstein**

212. Projected enrolment for Goldstein is 97 749 which meets the requirements of the Electoral Act. Goldstein can gain up to 7 015 electors, or lose up to 69 electors, and remain within the numerical range.

213. Goldstein is bounded by Port Phillip Bay, and the divisions of Melbourne Ports, Higgins, Hotham and Isaacs which all require alteration to meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.

214. The Committee's proposed adjustments to Melbourne Ports result in Goldstein gaining 16 954 electors and an increased portion of Glen Eira LGA (the localities of Caulfield, Elsternwick and Gardenvale and the remainder of the suburbs of Caulfield South and Glen Huntly). The Committee's proposal for Higgins has Goldstein losing 5 115 electors in Glen Eira LGA from the localities of Carnegie and Ormond. These transfers mean Goldstein must lose further electors to meet the numerical criteria.

215. Given the proposed alterations to those divisions to the north, Goldstein must lose electors to the east. The Committee reasoned that Hotham was the logical flow on location given its need to gain electors.

216. The Committee proposes shifting the north-eastern boundary between Goldstein and Hotham from Tucker Road to the Frankston Railway Line. This results in the solid railway boundary being followed for the majority of Goldstein's eastern boundary. The proposal transfers 9 433 electors in the localities of Bentleigh, McKinnon and Ormond (Glen Eira LGA) from Goldstein to Hotham.

217. The proposed Division of Goldstein represents a compact collection of localities between the bay and the Frankston Railway Line with recognisable transport routes, such as the Nepean Highway and Sandringham Railway Line, connecting the division's localities.

218. This results in a projected enrolment for Goldstein of 100 155 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 1.05%.

### **Hotham**

219. Projected enrolment for Hotham is 93 256 which is below the allowable numerical range. Hotham must gain at least 4 424 electors, and can gain up to 11 508 electors, to be within numerical range.

220. Hotham is bounded by the divisions of Goldstein, Isaacs, Bruce, Chisholm and Higgins.

221. The Committee's proposed alterations to Goldstein result in Hotham gaining 9 433 electors from the localities of Bentleigh, McKinnon and Ormond in Glen Eira LGA.

However, this gain is offset by the proposed alterations to Higgins, whereby Hotham loses 8 609 electors from Glen Eira LGA (localities of Carnegie and Murrumbeena). This means Hotham must still gain electors to meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.

222. With all divisions to the west of Hotham now within the allowable numerical range, gains can only be made from the north or east. The divisions of Chisholm and Bruce to the north are below the allowable numerical tolerance and are separated from Hotham by the solid boundary of the Pakenham-Cranbourne Railway Line. The Committee therefore reasoned that Hotham should gain electors from the Division of Isaacs which is over the allowable numerical range.
223. The Committee proposes extending Hotham's current southern boundary east along Lower Dandenong Road to Corrigan Road, and then north to connect with its existing eastern boundary. This provides readily recognisable boundaries for the division and results in the transfer of 7 589 electors from Greater Dandenong LGA, uniting the locality of Springvale South within Hotham and gaining further parts of Noble Park and Keysborough.
224. The proposed Division of Hotham has, in the opinion of the Committee, improved eastern and western boundaries, and retains 84 647 electors from the existing division.
225. This results in a projected enrolment for Hotham of 101 669 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 0.44%.

### **Isaacs**

226. Projected enrolment for Isaacs is 109 577 which is above the allowable numerical range. Isaacs must lose at least 4 813 electors, and can lose up to 11 897 electors and remain within the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.
227. Isaacs is bounded by Port Phillip Bay and the divisions of Goldstein, Hotham, Bruce, Holt and Dunkley.
228. The proposed alterations to the Division of Hotham result in Isaacs losing 7 589 electors from Greater Dandenong LGA (localities of Springvale South, Noble Park and Keysborough). Increasing the extent to which Lower Dandenong and Corrigan Roads are used as borders significantly strengthens the boundary between Isaacs and Hotham and brings both divisions within the allowable numerical tolerance range.
229. The Committee proposes a further alteration to strengthen the boundary between Isaacs and Dunkley which involves the transfer of 37 electors in Frankston LGA from Isaacs to Dunkley. This places all of the residential area of the locality of Seaford into Dunkley and uses the proposed Frankston Bypass as a portion of Isaacs' south-western boundary.
230. This results in a projected enrolment for Isaacs of 101 951 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 0.72%.

## **Dunkley**

231. Projected enrolment for Dunkley is 97 784 which is close to the low end of the allowable numerical range. Dunkley can gain up to 6 980 electors, or lose up to 104 electors, and remain within the allowable numerical range.
232. Dunkley is bounded by Port Phillip Bay and the divisions of Isaacs and Flinders.
233. The proposed alterations to Isaacs transfer 37 electors to Dunkley from the locality of Seaford in Frankston LGA.
234. The Committee proposes to transfer one CCD with 606 electors in the locality of Baxter from the Division of Flinders to Dunkley to bring both divisions closer to the average projected enrolment. This transfer provides a clearer southern boundary for Dunkley, following the Baxter-Tooradin Road to a greater extent.
235. These minor alterations result in a projected enrolment for Dunkley of 98 427 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 2.76%.

## **Flinders**

236. Projected enrolment for Flinders is 102 669 which is within the allowable numerical range. Flinders can gain up to 2 095 electors, or lose up to 4 989 electors, and remain within range.
237. Flinders is bounded by Port Phillip Bay, Bass Strait and the divisions of Dunkley, Isaacs, Holt, La Trobe and McMillan.
238. As a result of the Committee's proposed alterations to Dunkley, Flinders loses 606 electors from Mornington Peninsula LGA, being one CCD in the locality of Baxter. This move improves the boundaries between the divisions by following the Baxter-Tooradin Road to a greater extent.
239. The Committee proposes no further alteration to the boundaries of the Division of Flinders.
240. This results in a projected enrolment for Flinders of 102 063 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 0.83%.

## **Kooyong**

241. Projected enrolment for Kooyong is the sixth lowest in Victoria at 92 087 electors. Kooyong must gain at least 5 593 electors, and can gain up to 12 677 electors and remain within the numerical range.
242. Kooyong borders the divisions of Melbourne, Jagajaga, Menzies, Chisholm and Higgins.

243. The Committee's considerations of the boundaries of surrounding divisions have brought them all within the allowable numerical range with the exception of the Division of Chisholm. The Committee therefore reasoned that Kooyong should gain from the bordering Whitehorse LGA in the Division of Chisholm.
244. Consequently the Committee proposes to transfer 8 274 electors from Chisholm to Kooyong. This move comprises the entire localities of Mont Albert and Mont Albert North, the remainder of Balwyn North, and an increased portion of Surrey Hills. In the Committee's view, these localities are of a similar socio-economic profile to existing areas of Kooyong. Also, the proposed new boundaries of Elgar and Canterbury Roads are readily recognisable.
245. This results in a projected enrolment for Kooyong of 100 361 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 0.85%.

### **Chisholm**

246. Projected enrolment for Chisholm is 91 635 electors which is the third lowest in the state. Chisholm must gain at least 6 045 electors, and can gain up to 13 129 electors and still remain within the allowable numerical range.
247. Chisholm shares boundaries with the divisions of Higgins, Kooyong, Menzies, Deakin, Bruce and Hotham.
248. The proposed alterations to Kooyong result in Chisholm losing 8 274 electors from the Whitehorse LGA localities of Mont Albert, Mont Albert North, Surrey Hills and Balwyn North.
249. Chisholm has also gained 3 582 electors from proposed alterations to Higgins in the Stonnington LGA locality of Malvern East and the Monash LGA locality of Hughesdale.
250. These proposed alterations leave Chisholm needing to gain a substantial number of electors. Therefore, the Committee proposes that the north-eastern boundary of Chisholm be shifted east from Middleborough Road to Blackburn Road to gain parts of the Whitehorse LGA localities of Blackburn, Blackburn North, Blackburn South and Burwood East. The socio-economic characteristics of these areas are, in the Committee's view, similar to those in existing parts of Chisholm such as Burwood and Box Hill. As 19 478 electors are moved from Deakin to Chisholm, the Division of Chisholm must now lose electors.
251. The Committee proposes to follow Blackburn Road in its entirety by excising Chisholm's part of the locality of Glen Waverley (Monash LGA) to the Division of Bruce. This transfer of 8 109 electors creates a strong and consistent boundary between the two divisions, unites Glen Waverley in the Division of Bruce, and brings both divisions within the allowable numerical range.

252. This results in a projected enrolment for Chisholm of 98 312 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 2.87%.

### **Bruce**

253. Projected enrolment for Bruce is 91 795 which is below the allowable numerical range and the fifth lowest in the state. Bruce must gain at least 5 885 electors, and can gain up to 12 969 electors.

254. Bruce shares boundaries with the divisions of Chisholm, Hotham, Isaacs, Holt and Aston.

255. The Committee's proposed alterations to Chisholm result in Bruce gaining the remainder of the Monash LGA locality of Glen Waverley (8 109 electors). This alteration extends the current western and northern borders of Bruce, being Blackburn Road and Highbury Road respectively, to an intersecting point in the north-western corner of the division. The proposed gain from Chisholm is sufficient for Bruce to meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.

256. Given the highly recognisable boundaries of Dandenong Creek to the east and the Pakenham-Cranbourne Railway Line to the south, the Committee does not propose any further alteration to Bruce.

257. This results in a projected enrolment for Bruce of 99 904 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 1.3%.

### **Deakin**

258. Projected enrolment for Deakin is 90 731 which is below the allowable numerical range and the second lowest in the state. Deakin must gain at least 6 949 electors and can gain up to 14 033 electors.

259. Deakin shares boundaries with the divisions of Menzies, Casey, La Trobe, Aston and Chisholm.

260. Proposed alterations to Chisholm result in Deakin losing 19 478 electors from the Whitehorse LGA localities of Blackburn, Blackburn North, Blackburn South and Burwood East. This alteration shifts Deakin's western boundary from Middleborough Road to Blackburn Road which is a highly recognisable major thoroughfare.

261. The proposed alteration to the western boundary means Deakin must gain substantial enrolment. The Committee concluded that to best address community of interests, Deakin should gain further parts of Whitehorse and Maroondah LGAs from those divisions to its east.

262. The first proposed transfer involves a gain of 16 088 electors from the Division of Aston, being its entire portion of Whitehorse LGA. As part of this move, Deakin gains the localities of Vermont and Vermont South as well as the remainder of Forest Hill. These

localities are connected to existing parts of Deakin by the Maroondah and Burwood Highways and Springvale Road.

263. To meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act, the Committee further proposes that Deakin gain 12 730 electors from Casey by acquiring an increased portion of the Maroondah LGA locality of Croydon and the majority of Croydon North. These localities sit along the Maroondah Highway which runs east-west through the division and, in the Committee's view, have similar characteristics to existing areas of Deakin such as Croydon South.
264. Finally, the Committee proposes strengthening the northern boundary of the division by transferring 220 electors from the locality of Nunawading (Manningham LGA) in Menzies to Deakin. This minor alteration unites Nunawading in Deakin and shifts a portion of the boundary from the LGA boundary to the more recognisable Eastlink.
265. The proposed Division of Deakin remains a collection of localities connected east to west by the Maroondah Highway, Canterbury Road and the Lilydale Railway Line.
266. This results in a projected enrolment for Deakin of 100 291 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 0.92%.

## **Menzies**

267. Projected enrolment for Menzies is 92 932 which is below the allowable numerical range. Menzies must gain at least 4 748 electors, and can gain up to 11 832 electors, and remain within the numerical requirements specified in the Electoral Act.
268. Menzies borders the divisions of Jagajaga, McEwen, Casey, Deakin, Chisholm and Kooyong.
269. Proposed alterations to the Division of Deakin result in Menzies losing 220 electors from the locality of Nunawading in Manningham LGA. Therefore Menzies remains under enrolled.
270. With all divisions to the north, west and south now brought within the allowable numerical range, Menzies can only gain from the Division of Casey to the east.
271. The Committee proposes that Menzies gain from Casey additional parts of the localities of Ringwood, Wonga Park and Warranwood (Maroondah LGA). The entire locality of Croydon Hills and a portion of Croydon North are also proposed to be transferred. This is a small geographic transfer involving 5 731 electors which, in the opinion of the Committee, does not affect the overall socio-demographic nature of the division.
272. This results in a projected enrolment for Menzies of 98 443 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 2.75%.

## **Casey**

273. Projected enrolment for Casey is 95 903 electors which is below the allowable numerical range. Casey must gain at least 1 777 electors and can gain up to 8 861 electors.
274. Casey borders the Divisions of Menzies, McEwen, La Trobe and Deakin.
275. The Committee's proposed alterations to Deakin result in Casey losing 12 730 electors from the Maroondah LGA localities of Croydon and Croydon North. A further 5 731 electors have been transferred from Casey to Menzies from the Maroondah LGA localities of Ringwood, Wonga Park, Warranwood, Croydon Hills and Croydon North.
276. Further proposed alterations to McEwen have Casey gaining 20 617 electors, being McEwen's entire share of the Yarra Ranges Shire, which includes a large amount of regional territory from Healesville in the west to Cambarville in the east.
277. While these alterations bring Casey within the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act, the Committee proposes that a further 901 electors be transferred into Casey from the Division of La Trobe. These electors are from part of the Yarra Ranges LGA containing the locality of Macclesfield and small parts of Emerald and Yellingbo. This aligns Casey's southern border to a greater extent with that of Yarra Ranges LGA and provides a clearer boundary in the area.
278. The proposed Division of Casey has lost some of its more urban areas and gained a significant amount of territory which could be considered rural in nature. Although it still contains a mixture of urban and rural areas, Casey becomes predominantly rural in character.
279. This results in a projected enrolment for Casey of 98 960 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 2.23%.

## **Aston**

280. Projected enrolment for Aston is 98 260 which is at the low end of the allowable range. Aston can gain up to 6 504 electors, or lose up to 580 electors, and remain within the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.
281. Aston is bordered by the divisions of Deakin, La Trobe, Holt and Bruce.
282. Proposed alterations to Deakin result in Aston losing 16 088 electors from Whitehorse LGA, including the localities of Vermont, Vermont South and Forest Hill. These alterations also change Aston's north-western boundary from Springvale and Canterbury Roads to the Dandenong Creek, which already forms the majority of Aston's existing western boundary.
283. As a result of these moves, Aston must gain electors. With all divisions to the west and north brought within tolerance thorough the Committee's considerations of their respective boundaries, Aston must gain from either La Trobe or Holt.

284. In deciding which direction Aston should move, the Committee took into account the criteria specified in the Electoral Act. A number of public suggestions recommend that Aston extend east to gain the remainder of Knox LGA. The Committee felt, however, that those areas on the outskirts of Knox were more similar in character to other Dandenong Ranges localities currently in La Trobe. In addition, the Committee considered that La Trobe's excess would be best used in supplementing the Division of McMillan, being the only division below the allowable numerical range yet to be addressed by the Committee's proposal.
285. The Committee reasoned that Aston should move south to absorb excess enrolment from the Division of Holt.
286. Therefore the Committee proposes to transfer 19 818 electors from Holt to Aston, being all of the Casey LGA localities of Lysterfield South and Endeavour Hills and part of Narre Warren North. In the Committee's opinion, these areas are similar in character to existing areas of Aston such as Lysterfield.
287. The proposed southern boundary for Aston follows the Monash Freeway, Eumemmerring Creek and Belgrave-Hallam Road making for a significantly more recognisable border than the current LGA line which runs through Churchill National Park.
288. This results in a projected enrolment for Aston of 101 990 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 0.76%.

## **Holt**

289. Projected enrolment for Holt is 121 943 electors which is above the allowable numerical range and the fourth highest in the state. Holt must lose at least 17 179 electors. It can lose up to 24 263 electors and still meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.
290. Holt shares boundaries with Isaacs, Bruce, Aston, La Trobe and Flinders.
291. The Committee's proposed alterations to Aston result in Holt losing 19 818 electors from Casey LGA (localities of Lysterfield South, Endeavour Hills and Narre Warren North). This move creates a new northern boundary for Holt which follows the Monash Freeway, Eumemmerring Creek and Belgrave-Hallam Road.
292. As this transfer brings Holt within the allowable numerical range, the Committee does not propose any further alterations.
293. This results in a projected enrolment for Holt of 102 125 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 0.89%.

## **La Trobe**

294. Projected enrolment for La Trobe is 105 762 which is slightly above the allowable numerical range. La Trobe must lose 998 electors, and can lose up to 8 082 electors and still meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.
295. La Trobe borders the divisions of Holt, Aston, Deakin, Casey, McEwen, McMillan and Flinders.
296. Proposed alterations to Casey result in La Trobe losing 901 electors from the Yarra Ranges LGA (Macclesfield and small parts of the localities of Emerald and Yellingbo).
297. The Committee's proposals for elector movement in neighbouring divisions have brought them all within the numerical tolerance, with the exception of McMillan which must gain electors.
298. The Committee then proposes to transfer 5 079 electors from Cardinia LGA in La Trobe to McMillan. As a result of this move, La Trobe loses its share of the locality of Gembrook, parts of Cockatoo, Avonsleigh, Emerald, Pakenham Upper and Dewhurst and all of Nangana. In the Committee's view, these areas are similar in character to existing areas of Cardinia LGA in McMillan, such as Tynong North.
299. With these transfers, the proposed Division of La Trobe becomes more compact, with a stronger north-south orientation.
300. This results in a projected enrolment for La Trobe of 99 782 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of minus 1.42%.

## **McMillan**

301. Projected enrolment for McMillan is 97 313 which is just below the allowable numerical range. McMillan must gain at least 367 electors, and can gain up to 7 451 electors and remain within the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.
302. McMillan is bordered by Bass Strait and the divisions of Flinders, La Trobe, McEwen, Indi and Gippsland.
303. Proposed alterations to La Trobe result in McMillan gaining 5 079 electors from Cardinia LGA (Nangana, the remainder of Gembrook, further parts of Pakenham Upper, and parts of Cockatoo, Avonsleigh, Emerald, and Dewhurst).
304. The alteration of the boundary between McMillan and La Trobe is sufficient to bring McMillan within the numerical range. However, the Committee also proposes a small alteration to clarify the boundary between McMillan and Gippsland, in the La Trobe LGA (locality of Yallourn), by shifting it to the Morwell-Yallourn Road.
305. This results in a projected enrolment for McMillan of 102 394 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 1.16%.

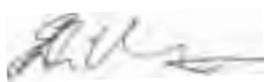
## **Gippsland**

306. Projected enrolment for Gippsland is 102 038 which is within the allowable numerical range. Gippsland can gain up to 2 726 electors, or lose up to 4 358 electors, and meet the numerical requirements of the Electoral Act.
307. Gippsland is bounded by Bass Strait, the New South Wales border, and the divisions of Indi and McMillan.
308. The proposed alterations to McMillan clarify the boundary between McMillan and Gippsland in the La Trobe LGA locality of Yallourn by shifting it to the Morwell-Yallourn Road.
309. As all bordering divisions are within the allowable numerical range the Committee proposes no further alterations.
310. This results in a projected enrolment for Gippsland of 102 036 electors or a variation from the average projected enrolment of 0.8%.

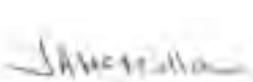
## **Conclusion**

The Committee unanimously agreed on the redistributed boundaries and commends its redistribution proposal of Victoria.

In developing and assessing the impacts of the redistribution proposal, the Committee has satisfied itself that the proposed boundaries meet the requirements of the Electoral Act.



Ed Killesteyn  
Presiding Member



Jenni McMullan  
Member



Des Pearson  
Member



John E Tulloch  
Member

Redistribution Committee for Victoria  
Melbourne

July 2010

**Table 5: Enrolment of existing divisions**

<b>Division</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.2010</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.2014</b>	<b>% Growth</b>
Aston	92 463	98 260	6.27
Ballarat	95 003	100 786	6.09
Batman	86 701	93 702	8.07
Bendigo	98 034	104 722	6.82
Bruce	87 909	91 795	4.42
Calwell	99 284	109 034	9.82
Casey	90 677	95 903	5.76
Chisholm	85 187	91 635	7.57
Corangamite	98 348	106 032	7.81
Corio	90 111	95 139	5.58
Deakin	86 751	90 731	4.59
Dunkley	93 049	97 784	5.09
Flinders	97 816	102 669	4.96
Gellibrand	93 812	102 248	8.99
Gippsland	95 721	102 038	6.60
Goldstein	92 138	97 749	6.09
Gorton	110 342	126 751	14.87
Higgins	88 723	95 284	7.39
Holt	105 318	121 943	15.79
Hotham	88 722	93 256	5.11
Indi	91 168	95 386	4.63
Isaacs	100 173	109 577	9.39
Jagajaga	94 015	96 909	3.08
Kooyong	87 846	92 087	4.83
La Trobe	94 961	105 762	11.37
Lalor	110 515	129 351	17.04
Mallee	89 016	91 721	3.04
Maribyrnong	87 615	88 363	0.85
McEwen	110 741	122 829	10.92
McMillan	89 917	97 313	8.23
Melbourne	96 966	112 694	16.22

<b>Division</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.2010</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.2014</b>	<b>% Growth</b>
Melbourne Ports	94 525	107 152	13.36
Menzies	90 218	92 932	3.01
Murray	88 778	92 402	4.08
Scullin	89 896	94 598	5.23
Wannon	91 107	96 331	5.73
Wills	95 910	102 337	6.70
<b>Total VIC</b>	<b>3 479 476</b>	<b>3 745 205</b>	<b>7.64</b>

**Table 6: Summary of proposed divisions**

<b>Proposed division</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.2010</b>	<b>% variation from average</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.2014</b>	<b>% variation from average</b>	<b>Approx area (sq kms)</b>
Aston	95 815	1.89	101 990	0.76	113
Ballarat	95 003	1.02	100 786	-0.43	4 650
Batman	95 239	1.27	101 938	0.71	61
Bendigo	91 941	-2.23	98 488	-2.70	6 720
Bruce	95 472	1.52	99 904	-1.30	73
Burke	86 105	-8.44	100 031	-1.18	2 251
Calwell	101 119	7.53	103 721	2.47	146
Casey	94 118	0.08	98 960	-2.23	2 377
Chisholm	91 919	-2.26	98 312	-2.87	65
Corangamite	91 914	-2.26	98 753	-2.44	11 960
Corio	97 817	4.02	102 153	0.92	406
Deakin	95 636	1.70	100 291	-0.92	70
Dunkley	93 680	-0.38	98 427	-2.76	140
Flinders	97 220	3.38	102 063	0.83	1 952
Gellibrand	94 607	0.60	102 639	1.40	111
Gippsland	95 719	1.79	102 036	0.80	33 059
Goldstein	94 137	0.10	100 155	-1.05	49
Gorton	85 981	-8.57	103 422	2.17	562
Higgins	92 496	-1.64	98 292	-2.89	43
Holt	86 243	-8.29	102 125	0.89	117
Hotham	96 808	2.94	101 669	0.44	76
Indi	96 942	3.09	101 473	0.25	24 012
Isaacs	92 800	-1.32	101 951	0.72	167
Jagajaga	99 551	5.86	103 446	2.20	205
Kooyong	95 578	1.64	100 361	-0.85	53
La Trobe	89 436	-4.90	99 782	-1.42	408
Lalor	86 957	-7.53	102 771	1.53	1 172
Mallee	100 499	6.87	103 723	2.47	65 331
Maribyrnong	101 525	7.96	103 770	2.52	86
McEwen	95 736	1.80	102 609	1.37	16 891
McMillan	94 556	0.55	102 394	1.16	8 472
Melbourne	86 353	-8.17	101 081	-0.14	44
Melbourne Ports	86 234	-8.30	99 726	-1.48	39

<b>Proposed division</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.2010</b>	<b>% variation from average</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.2014</b>	<b>% variation from average</b>	<b>Approx area (sq kms)</b>
Menzies	95 490	1.54	98 443	-2.75	124
Scullin	94 450	0.44	100 650	-0.57	148
Wannon	98 594	4.84	104 239	2.98	45 208
Wills	95 786	1.86	102 631	1.39	56
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 479 476</b>		<b>3 745 205</b>		<b>227 417</b>
Average	94 040		101 222		

**Table 7: Summary of movement of electors between divisions**

Number of electors remaining in their existing division	2 888 249
Number of electors transferred to another division (This results in 16.99% electors changing divisions)	591 227
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 479 476</b>

**Table 8: General description of how proposed divisions are constituted**

This table comprises 37 individual summaries that show how each proposed division is constituted from existing divisions, arranged under Statistical Local Areas (SLAs). Each SLA comprises a number of Census Collection Districts (CCDs). The CCDs which applied at the 2006 Census of Population and Housing have been used.

Proposed divisions are displayed in alphabetical order.

**Proposed Division of Aston**

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment</b>	<b>Projected enrolment</b>
	<b>1.02.10</b>	<b>17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Aston</b>		
SLAs of –		
Knox (C) – North-East (part)	16 696	17 591
Knox (C) – North-West	32 826	34 689
Knox (C) – South	27 218	29 892
<b>Total from existing Division of Aston</b>	<b>76 740</b>	<b>82 172</b>
<b>From existing Division of Holt</b>		
SLAs of –		
Casey (C) – Berwick (part)	579	644
Casey (C) – Hallam (part)	18 496	19 174
<b>Total transferred from existing Division of Holt</b>	<b>19 075</b>	<b>19 818</b>
<b>Total for proposed Division of Aston</b>	<b>95 815</b>	<b>101 990</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Deakin		
Whitehorse (C) – Nunawading East (part)	15 723	16 088
<b>Total transferred to proposed Division of Deakin</b>	<b>15 723</b>	<b>16 088</b>
<b>Transferred from Division of Aston</b>	<b>15 723</b>	<b>16 088</b>

## Proposed Division of Ballarat

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Ballarat</b>		
SLAs of -		
Ballarat (C) – Central	23 352	24 563
Ballarat (C) – Inner North	21 911	23 849
Ballarat (C) – North	761	754
Ballarat (C) – South	16 503	17 777
Golden Plains (S) – North-West (part)	3 531	3 798
Hepburn (S) – East	5 565	5 599
Hepburn (S) – West	4 938	4 885
Moorabool (S) – Bacchus Marsh	11 369	12 189
Moorabool (S) – Ballan	4 438	4 677
Moorabool (S) – West	2 635	2 695
Total from existing Division of Ballarat	95 003	100 786
<b>Total for proposed Division of Ballarat</b>	<b>95 003</b>	<b>100 786</b>

**Proposed Division of Batman**

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Batman</b>		
SLAs of -		
Darebin (C) – Northcote	32 565	35 151
Darebin (C) – Preston (part)	52 992	56 504
Total from existing Division of Batman	85 557	91 655
<b>From existing Division of Jagajaga</b>		
SLA of -		
Banyule (C) – Heidelberg (part)	8 127	8 668
Total transferred from existing Division of Jagajaga	8 127	8 668
<b>From existing Division of Melbourne</b>		
SLA of -		
Yarra (C) – North (part)	1 555	1 615
Total transferred from existing Division of Melbourne	1 555	1 615
<b>Total for proposed Division of Batman</b>	<b>95 239</b>	<b>101 938</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Jagajaga		
Darebin (C) – Preston (part)	1 144	2 047
Total transferred to proposed Division of Jagajaga	1 144	2 047
<b>Transferred from Division of Batman</b>	<b>1 144</b>	<b>2 047</b>

## Proposed Division of Bendigo

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Bendigo</b>		
SLAs of –		
Central Goldfields (S) – Maryborough	5 610	5 674
Central Goldfields (S) - Balance	3 855	3 780
Campaspe (S) – South (part)	1	1
Greater Bendigo (C) – Central	12 318	12 448
Greater Bendigo (C) - Eaglehawk	6 249	6 563
Greater Bendigo (C) – Inner East	16 884	17 946
Greater Bendigo (C) – Inner North	7 503	8 971
Greater Bendigo (C) – Inner West	12 362	13 374
Greater Bendigo (C) – Part B (part)	8 571	9 276
Greater Bendigo (C) - Strathfieldsaye	5 038	5 801
Loddon (S) – South (part)	802	806
Mitchell (S) – North (part)	0	0
Mount Alexander (S) – Castlemaine	5 142	5 534
Mount Alexander (S) – Balance	7 606	8 314
Total from existing Division of Bendigo	91 941	98 488
<b>Total for proposed Division of Bendigo</b>	<b>91 941</b>	<b>98 488</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Burke		
Macedon Ranges (S) – Kyneton	6 093	6 234
Total transferred to proposed Division of Burke	6 093	6 234
<b>Transferred from Division of Bendigo</b>	<b>6 093</b>	<b>6 234</b>

## Proposed Division of Bruce

	<b>Actual enrolment</b>	<b>Projected enrolment</b>
<b>How constituted</b>	<b>1.02.10</b>	<b>17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Bruce</b>		
SLAs of –		
Greater Dandenong (C) – Dandenong (part)	29 972	31 619
Greater Dandenong (C) – Balance (part)	10 946	11 560
Monash (C) – South-West (part)	209	233
Monash (C) – Waverley East	41 061	42 185
Monash (C) – Waverley West (part)	5 721	6 198
Total from existing Division of Bruce	87 909	91 795
<b>From existing Division of Chisholm</b>		
SLA of –		
Monash (C) – Waverley West (part)	7 563	8 109
Total transferred from existing Division of Chisholm	7 563	8 109
<b>Total for proposed Division of Bruce</b>	<b>95 472</b>	<b>99 904</b>

**Proposed Division of Burke**

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Bendigo</b>		
SLA of -		
Macedon Ranges (S) – Kyneton	6 093	6 234
Total from existing Division of Bendigo	6 093	6 234
<b>From existing Division of Calwell</b>		
SLAs of -		
Hume (C) – Craigieburn (part)	26 599	33 962
Hume (C) – Sunbury	23 172	25 149
Total transferred from existing Division of Calwell	49 771	59 111
<b>From existing Division of McEwen</b>		
SLAs of -		
Macedon Ranges (S) – Romsey	7 964	8 299
Macedon Ranges (S) – Balance	14 486	14 926
Whittlesea (C) – North (part)	7 791	11 461
Total transferred from existing Division of McEwen	30 241	34 686
<b>Total for proposed Division of Burke</b>	<b>86 105</b>	<b>100 031</b>

**Proposed Division of Calwell**

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Calwell</b>		
SLAs of -		
Hume (C) - Broadmeadows (part)	37 215	36 630
Hume (C) - Craigieburn (part)	9 729	10 769
Total from existing Division of Calwell	46 944	47 399
<b>From existing Division of Gorton</b>		
SLA of -		
Brimbank (C) - Keilor (part)	46 221	48 295
Total transferred from existing Division of Gorton	46 221	48 295
<b>From existing Division of Maribyrnong</b>		
SLA of -		
Brimbank (C) - Keilor (part)	7 954	8 027
Total transferred from existing Division of Maribyrnong	7 954	8 027
<b>Total for proposed Division of Calwell</b>	<b>101 119</b>	<b>103 721</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Burke		
Hume (C) - Craigieburn (part)	26 599	33 962
Hume (C) - Sunbury	23 172	25 149
Total transferred to proposed Division of Burke	49 771	59 111
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong		
Hume (C) - Broadmeadows (part)	2 569	2 524
Total transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong	2 569	2 524
<b>Transferred from Division of Calwell</b>	<b>52 340</b>	<b>61 635</b>

## Proposed Division of Casey

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Casey</b>		
SLAs of –		
Maroondah (C) – Croydon (part)	11 498	12 070
Yarra Ranges (S) – Dandenongs (part)	3 408	3 566
Yarra Ranges (S) – Lilydale (part)	48 591	51 332
Yarra Ranges (S) – Seville (part)	9 955	10 474
Total from existing Division of Casey	73 452	77 442
<b>From existing Division of La Trobe</b>		
SLA of –		
Yarra Ranges (S) – Seville (part)	888	901
Total transferred from existing Division of La Trobe	888	901
<b>From existing Division of McEwen</b>		
SLAs of –		
Nillumbik (S) – Balance (part)	7	7
Yarra Ranges (S) – Central	10 213	10 561
Yarra Ranges (S) – North (part)	9 143	9 575
Yarra Ranges (S) – Part B	415	474
Total transferred from existing Division of McEwen	19 778	20 617
<b>Total for proposed Division of Casey</b>	<b>94 118</b>	<b>98 960</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Deakin		
Maroondah (C) – Croydon (part)	10 937	11 925
Maroondah (C) – Ringwood (part)	797	805
Total transferred to proposed Division of Deakin	11 734	12 730

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Menzies		
Maroondah (C) – Croydon (part)	5 222	5 423
Maroondah (C) – Ringwood (part)	269	308
Total transferred to proposed Division of Menzies	5 491	5 731
<b>Transferred from Division of Casey</b>	<b>17 225</b>	<b>18 461</b>

**Proposed Division of Chisholm**

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Chisholm</b>		
SLAs of -		
Kingston (C) - North (part)	369	359
Monash (C) - South-West (part)	13 685	15 198
Monash (C) - Waverley West (part)	29 904	31 674
Whitehorse (C) - Box Hill (part)	25 934	28 021
Total from existing Division of Chisholm	69 892	75 252
<b>From existing Division of Deakin</b>		
SLA of -		
Whitehorse (C) - Nunawading West (part)	18 791	19 478
Total transferred from existing Division of Deakin	18 791	19 478
<b>From existing Division of Higgins</b>		
SLAs of -		
Monash (C) - South-West (part)	1 417	1 579
Stonnington (C) - Malvern (part)	1 819	2 003
Total transferred from existing Division of Higgins	3 236	3 582
<b>Total for proposed Division of Chisholm</b>	<b>91 919</b>	<b>98 312</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Bruce		
Monash (C) - Waverley West (part)	7 563	8 109
Total transferred to proposed Division of Bruce	7 563	8 109
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Kooyong		
Whitehorse (C) - Box Hill (part)	7 732	8 274
Total transferred to proposed Division of Kooyong	7 732	8 274
<b>Transferred from Division of Chisholm</b>	<b>15 295</b>	<b>16 383</b>

## Proposed Division of Corangamite

How constituted	Actual enrolment 1.02.10	Projected enrolment 17.06.14
<b>From existing Division of Corangamite</b>		
SLAs of –		
Colac-Otway (S) – Colac	8 143	8 556
Colac-Otway (S) – North (part)	4 213	4 404
Colac-Otway (S) – South	2 704	2 648
Corio – Inner (part)	144	143
Golden Plains (S) – North-West (part)	1 894	1 904
Golden Plains (S) – South-East	6 869	7 678
Greater Geelong (C) – Part B (part)	2 595	2 713
Newtown (part)	2	2
South Barwon – Inner	36 357	39 940
Surf Coast (S) – East	10 383	11 909
Surf Coast (S) – West	6 663	6 744
<b>Total from existing Division of Corangamite</b>	<b>79 967</b>	<b>86 641</b>
<b>From existing Division of Wannon</b>		
SLAs of –		
Colac-Otway (S) – North (part)	145	154
Corangamite (S) – North	6 719	6 754
Corangamite (S) – South	5 083	5 204
<b>Total transferred from existing Division of Wannon</b>	<b>11 947</b>	<b>12 112</b>
<b>Total for proposed Division of Corangamite</b>	<b>91 914</b>	<b>98 753</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Corio		
Greater Geelong (C) – Part B (part)	15 893	16 804
Queenscliffe (B)	2 488	2 587
<b>Total transferred to proposed Division of Corio</b>	<b>18 381</b>	<b>19 391</b>
<b>Transferred from Division of Corangamite</b>	<b>18 381</b>	<b>19 391</b>

## Proposed Division of Corio

How constituted	Actual enrolment <b>1.02.10</b>	Projected enrolment <b>17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Corio</b>		
SLAs of -		
Bellarine - Inner	17 137	18 036
Corio – Inner (part)	29 184	30 124
Geelong	8 203	8 383
Geelong West	9 838	10 279
Greater Geelong (C) – Part B (part)	8 093	8 494
Newtown (part)	6 981	7 446
<b>Total from existing Division of Corio</b>	<b>79 436</b>	<b>82 762</b>
<b>From existing Division of Corangamite</b>		
SLAs of -		
Greater Geelong (C) – Part B (part)	15 893	16 804
Queenscliffe (B)	2 488	2 587
<b>Total transferred from existing Division of Corangamite</b>	<b>18 381</b>	<b>19 391</b>
<b>Total for proposed Division of Corio</b>	<b>97 817</b>	<b>102 153</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Lalor		
Corio – Inner (part)	9 008	10 416
Greater Geelong (C) – Part C	1 667	1 961
<b>Total transferred to proposed Division of Lalor</b>	<b>10 675</b>	<b>12 377</b>
<b>Transferred from Division of Corio</b>	<b>10 675</b>	<b>12 377</b>

## Proposed Division of Deakin

	<b>Actual enrolment</b>	<b>Projected enrolment</b>
<b>How constituted</b>	<b>1.02.10</b>	<b>17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Deakin</b>		
SLAs of –		
Maroondah (C) – Croydon (part)	10 750	11 385
Maroondah (C) – Ringwood (part)	24 084	25 042
Whitehorse (C) – Nunawading East (part)	16 446	17 399
Whitehorse (C) – Nunawading West (part)	16 680	17 427
Total from existing Division of Deakin	67 960	71 253
<b>From existing Division of Aston</b>		
SLA of –		
Whitehorse (C) – Nunawading East (part)	15 723	16 088
Total transferred from existing Division of Aston	15 723	16 088
<b>From existing Division of Casey</b>		
SLAs of –		
Maroondah (C) – Croydon (part)	10 937	11 925
Maroondah (C) – Ringwood (part)	797	805
Total transferred from existing Division of Casey	11 734	12 730
<b>From existing Division of Menzies</b>		
SLA of –		
Manningham (C) – West (part)	219	220
Total transferred from existing Division of Menzies	219	220
<b>Total for proposed Division of Deakin</b>	<b>95 636</b>	<b>100 291</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Chisholm		
Whitehorse (C) – Nunawading West (part)	18 791	19 478
Total transferred to proposed Division of Chisholm	18 791	19 478
<b>Transferred from Division of Deakin</b>	<b>18 791</b>	<b>19 478</b>

**Proposed Division of Dunkley**

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Dunkley</b>		
SLAs of -		
Frankston (C) - East (part)	15 257	16 858
Frankston (C) - West (part)	50 000	52 035
Mornington Peninsula (S) - West (part)	27 792	28 891
Total from existing Division of Dunkley	93 049	97 784
<b>From existing Division of Flinders</b>		
SLA of -		
Mornington Peninsula (S) - East (part)	596	606
Total transferred from existing Division of Flinders	596	606
<b>From existing Division of Isaacs</b>		
SLA of -		
Frankston (C) - West (part)	35	37
Total transferred from existing Division of Isaacs	35	37
<b>Total for proposed Division of Dunkley</b>	<b>93 680</b>	<b>98 427</b>

## Proposed Division of Flinders

	<b>Actual enrolment</b>	<b>Projected enrolment</b>
<b>How constituted</b>	<b>1.02.10</b>	<b>17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Flinders</b>		
SLAs of -		
Bass Coast (S) - Phillip Island	6 479	6 894
Bass Coast (S) - Balance (part)	4 642	4 654
Cardinia (S) - South	3 840	4 114
Casey (C) - Cranbourne (part)	952	1 047
Casey (C) - South (part)	7 924	7 905
French Island	90	90
Mornington Peninsula (S) - East (part)	25 282	26 756
Mornington Peninsula (S) - South	36 947	38 226
Mornington Peninsula (S) - West (part)	11 064	12 377
Total from existing Division of Flinders	97 220	102 063
<b>Total for proposed Division of Flinders</b>	<b>97 220</b>	<b>102 063</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Dunkley		
Mornington Peninsula (S) - East (part)	596	606
Total transferred to proposed Division of Dunkley	596	606
<b>Transferred from Division of Flinders</b>	<b>596</b>	<b>606</b>

## Proposed Division of Gellibrand

	<b>Actual enrolment</b>	<b>Projected enrolment</b>
<b>How constituted</b>	<b>1.02.10</b>	<b>17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Gellibrand</b>		
SLAs of –		
Hobsons Bay (C) – Altona (part)	32 887	33 905
Hobsons Bay (C) – Williamstown	20 701	22 377
Maribyrnong (C) (part)	35 883	39 898
Total from existing Division of Gellibrand	89 471	96 180
<b>From existing Division of Lalor</b>		
SLAs of –		
Hobsons Bay (C) – Altona (part)	2 558	2 554
Wyndham (C) – North (part)	32	36
Wyndham (C) – South (part)	2 546	3 869
Total transferred from existing Division of Lalor	5 136	6 459
<b>Total for proposed Division of Gellibrand</b>	<b>94 607</b>	<b>102 639</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong		
Maribyrnong (C) (part)	4 341	6 068
Total transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong	4 341	6 068
<b>Transferred from Division of Gellibrand</b>	<b>4 341</b>	<b>6 068</b>

## Proposed Division of Gippsland

How constituted	Actual enrolment <b>1.02.10</b>	Projected enrolment <b>17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Gippsland</b>		
SLAs of –		
East Gippsland (S) - Bairnsdale	19 339	20 213
East Gippsland (S) – Orbost	6 168	6 697
East Gippsland (S) – South-West	3 005	3 517
East Gippsland (S) – Balance	1 889	2 054
Latrobe (C) – Moe (part)	0	0
Latrobe (C) – Morwell	14 910	15 744
Latrobe (C) – Traralgon	19 533	21 503
Latrobe (C) – Balance	1 871	1 934
Towong (S) – Part B (part)	0	0
Wellington (S) – Alberton	4 134	4 150
Wellington (S) – Avon	2 887	3 187
Wellington (S) – Maffra	7 397	7 723
Wellington (S) – Rosedale	5 051	4 868
Wellington (S) – Sale	9 535	10 446
Total from existing Division of Gippsland	95 719	102 036
<b>Total for proposed Division of Gippsland</b>	<b>95 719</b>	<b>102 036</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of McMillan		
Latrobe (C) – Moe (part)	2	2
Total transferred to proposed Division of McMillan	2	2
<b>Transferred from Division of Gippsland</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>

## Proposed Division of Goldstein

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Goldstein</b>		
SLAs of –		
Bayside (C) - Brighton	25 770	27 515
Bayside (C) – South	38 319	40 009
Glen Eira (C) – Caulfield (part)	6 713	7 163
Glen Eira (C) – South (part)	7 811	8 514
Total from existing Division of Goldstein	78 613	83 201
<b>From existing Division of Melbourne Ports</b>		
SLA of –		
Glen Eira (C) – Caulfield (part)	15 524	16 954
Total transferred from existing Division of Melbourne Ports	15 524	16 954
<b>Total for proposed Division of Goldstein</b>	<b>94 137</b>	<b>100 155</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Higgins		
Glen Eira (C) – Caulfield (part)	4 785	5 115
Total transferred to proposed Division of Higgins	4 785	5 115
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Hotham		
Glen Eira (C) – South (part)	8 740	9 433
Total transferred to proposed Division of Hotham	8 740	9 433
<b>Transferred from Division of Goldstein</b>	<b>13 525</b>	<b>14 548</b>

**Proposed Division of Gorton**

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Gorton</b>		
SLAs of -		
Brimbank (C) - Keilor (part)	678	714
Brimbank (C) - Sunshine (part)	23 156	27 185
Melton (S) - East (part)	27 333	37 355
Total from existing Division of Gorton	51 167	65 254
<b>From existing Division of Lalor</b>		
SLAs of -		
Melton (S) - East (part)	1 198	1 147
Melton (S) - Balance	27 896	31 347
Total transferred from existing Division of Lalor	29 094	32 494
<b>From existing Division of Maribyrnong</b>		
SLA of -		
Brimbank (C) - Sunshine (part)	5 720	5 674
Total transferred from existing Division of Maribyrnong	5 720	5 674
<b>Total for proposed Division of Gorton</b>	<b>85 981</b>	<b>103 422</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Calwell		
Brimbank (C) - Keilor (part)	46 221	48 295
Total transferred to proposed Division of Calwell	46 221	48 295
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong		
Brimbank (C) - Sunshine (part)	12 954	13 202
Total transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong	12 954	13 202
<b>Transferred from Division of Gorton</b>	<b>59 175</b>	<b>61 497</b>

## Proposed Division of Higgins

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Higgins</b>		
SLAs of –		
Boroondara (C) – Camberwell South (part)	20 718	21 695
Glen Eira (C) – Caulfield (part)	3 977	4 431
Stonnington (C) – Malvern (part)	29 549	31 484
Stonnington (C) – Prahran (part)	14 923	15 784
Total from existing Division of Higgins	69 167	73 394
<b>From existing Division of Goldstein</b>		
SLA of –		
Glen Eira (C) – Caulfield (part)	4 785	5 115
Total transferred from existing Division of Goldstein	4 785	5 115
<b>From existing Division of Hotham</b>		
SLA of –		
Glen Eira (C) – Caulfield (part)	7 992	8 609
Total transferred from existing Division of Hotham	7 992	8 609
<b>From existing Division of Melbourne Ports</b>		
SLA of –		
Glen Eira (C) – Caulfield (part)	10 552	11 174
Total transferred from existing Division of Melbourne Ports	10 552	11 174
<b>Total for proposed Division of Higgins</b>	<b>92 496</b>	<b>98 292</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Chisholm		
Monash (C) – South-West (part)	1 417	1 579
Stonnington (C) – Malvern (part)	1 819	2 003
Total transferred to proposed Division of Chisholm	3 236	3 582

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Melbourne Ports		
Stonnington (C) – Prahran (part)	16 320	18 308
Total transferred to proposed Division of Melbourne Ports	16 320	18 308
<b>Transferred from Division of Higgins</b>	<b>19 556</b>	<b>21 890</b>

## Proposed Division of Holt

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Holt</b>		
SLAs of –		
Casey (C) – Berwick (part)	29 646	36 062
Casey (C) – Cranbourne (part)	41 912	50 545
Casey (C) – Hallam (part)	14 685	15 518
Total from existing Division of Holt	86 243	102 125
<b>Total for proposed Division of Holt</b>	<b>86 243</b>	<b>102 125</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Aston		
Casey (C) – Berwick (part)	579	644
Casey (C) – Hallam (part)	18 496	19 174
Total transferred to proposed Division of Aston	19 075	19 818
<b>Transferred from Division of Holt</b>	<b>19 075</b>	<b>19 818</b>

## Proposed Division of Hotham

How constituted	Actual enrolment <b>1.02.10</b>	Projected enrolment <b>17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Hotham</b>		
SLAs of –		
Glen Eira (C) – South (part)	18 011	19 124
Greater Dandenong (C) – Balance (part)	12 998	13 286
Kingston (C) – North (part)	40 236	41 779
Monash (C) – South-West (part)	9 485	10 458
Total from existing Division of Hotham	80 730	84 647
<b>From existing Division of Goldstein</b>		
SLA of –		
Glen Eira (C) – South (part)	8 740	9 433
Total transferred from existing Division of Goldstein	8 740	9 433
<b>From existing Division of Isaacs</b>		
SLA of –		
Greater Dandenong (C) – Balance (part)	7 338	7 589
Total transferred from existing Division of Isaacs	7 338	7 589
<b>Total for proposed Division of Hotham</b>	<b>96 808</b>	<b>101 669</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Higgins		
Glen Eira (C) – Caulfield (part)	7 992	8 609
Total transferred to proposed Division of Higgins	7 992	8 609
<b>Transferred from Division of Hotham</b>	<b>7 992</b>	<b>8 609</b>

## Proposed Division of Indi

How constituted	Actual enrolment 1.02.10	Projected enrolment 17.06.14
<b>From existing Division of Indi</b>		
SLAs of –		
Alpine (S) – East	5 537	5 356
Alpine (S) – West	3 390	3 633
Benalla (RC) – Benalla	6 823	6 866
Benalla (RC) – Balance	3 459	3 615
East Gippsland (S) – Balance (part)	0	0
Falls Creek Alpine Resort	104	104
Indigo (S) – Part A	8 126	8 479
Indigo (S) – Part B	2 787	3 083
Moira (S) – East (part)	844	839
Mount Hotham Alpine Resort	19	19
Towong (S) – Part A	1 797	1 897
Towong (S) – Part B (part)	2 767	2 794
Wangaratta (RC) – Central	11 809	12 707
Wangaratta (RC) – North	3 746	4 202
Wangaratta (RC) – South	4 382	4 664
Wodonga (RC)	22 659	23 335
<b>Total from existing Division of Indi</b>	<b>78 249</b>	<b>81 593</b>
<b>From existing Division of Murray</b>		
SLAs of –		
Moira (S) – East (part)	5 924	6 222
Moira (S) – West	12 769	13 658
<b>Total transferred from existing Division of Murray</b>	<b>18 693</b>	<b>19 880</b>
<b>Total for proposed Division of Indi</b>	<b>96 942</b>	<b>101 473</b>

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of McEwen		
Mansfield (S)	5 523	6 046
Mount Buller Alpine Resort	64	64
Mount Stirling Alpine Resort	0	0
Strathbogie (S)	7 332	7 683
Total transferred to proposed Division of McEwen	12 919	13 793
<b>Transferred from Division of Indi</b>	<b>12 919</b>	<b>13 793</b>

## Proposed Division of Isaacs

How constituted	Actual enrolment 1.02.10	Projected enrolment 17.06.14
<b>From existing Division of Isaacs</b>		
SLAs of –		
Frankston (C) – East (part)	14 088	16 545
Frankston (C) – West (part)	756	904
Greater Dandenong (C) – Dandenong (part)	4 839	5 166
Greater Dandenong (C) – Balance (part)	15 989	17 941
Kingston (C) – North (part)	24 328	26 319
Kingston (C) – South	32 800	35 076
Total from existing Division of Isaacs	92 800	101 951
<b>Total for proposed Division of Isaacs</b>	<b>92 800</b>	<b>101 951</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Dunkley		
Frankston (C) – West (part)	35	37
Total transferred to proposed Division of Dunkley	35	37
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Hotham		
Greater Dandenong (C) – Balance (part)	7 338	7 589
Total transferred to proposed Division of Hotham	7 338	7 589
<b>Transferred from Division of Isaacs</b>	<b>7 373</b>	<b>7 626</b>

**Proposed Division of Jagajaga**

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Jagajaga</b>		
SLAs of -		
Banyule (C) – Heidelberg (part)	36 603	38 283
Banyule (C) – North (part)	31 822	32 211
Nillumbik (S) – South (part)	15 638	15 907
Nillumbik (S) – South-West (part)	1 825	1 840
Total from existing Division of Jagajaga	85 888	88 241
<b>From existing Division of Batman</b>		
SLA of -		
Darebin (C) – Preston (part)	1 144	2 047
Total transferred from existing Division of Batman	1 144	2 047
<b>From existing Division of McEwen</b>		
SLAs of -		
Nillumbik (S) – South (part)	4 414	4 623
Nillumbik (S) – South-West (part)	3 943	4 173
Nillumbik (S) – Balance (part)	2 785	2 941
Total transferred from existing Division of McEwen	11 142	11 737
<b>From existing Division of Scullin</b>		
SLA of -		
Banyule (C) – North (part)	1 377	1 421
Total transferred from existing Division of Scullin	1 377	1 421
<b>Total for proposed Division of Jagajaga</b>	<b>99 551</b>	<b>103 446</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Batman		
Banyule (C) – Heidelberg (part)	8 127	8 668
Total transferred to proposed Division of Batman	8 127	8 668
<b>Transferred from Division of Jagajaga</b>	<b>8 127</b>	<b>8 668</b>

## Proposed Division of Kooyong

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Kooyong</b>		
SLAs of -		
Boroondara (C) – Camberwell North	30 882	32 288
Boroondara (C) – Camberwell South (part)	14 642	15 395
Boroondara (C) – Hawthorn	22 137	23 600
Boroondara (C) – Kew	20 185	20 804
Total from existing Division of Kooyong	87 846	92 087
<b>From existing Division of Chisholm</b>		
SLA of -		
Whitehorse (C) – Box Hill (part)	7 732	8 274
Total transferred from existing Division of Chisholm	7 732	8 274
<b>Total for proposed Division of Kooyong</b>	<b>95 578</b>	<b>100 361</b>

## Proposed Division of La Trobe

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of La Trobe</b>		
SLAs of -		
Cardinia (S) - North (part)	6 521	6 686
Cardinia (S) - Pakenham (part)	7 508	10 879
Casey (C) - Berwick (part)	26 566	29 833
Casey (S) - South (part)	2 859	4 776
Knox (C) - North-East (part)	28 195	29 240
Yarra Ranges (S) - Dandenongs (part)	17 765	18 345
Yarra Ranges (S) - Lilydale (part)	22	23
Total from existing Division of La Trobe	89 436	99 782
<b>Total for proposed Division of La Trobe</b>	<b>89 436</b>	<b>99 782</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Casey		
Yarra Ranges (S) - Seville (part)	888	901
Total transferred to proposed Division of Casey	888	901
SLA transferred to proposed Division of McMillan		
Cardinia (S) - North (part)	4 637	5 079
Total transferred to proposed Division of McMillan	4 637	5 079
<b>Transferred from Division of La Trobe</b>	<b>5 525</b>	<b>5 980</b>

**Proposed Division of Lalor**

	<b>Actual enrolment</b>	<b>Projected enrolment</b>
<b>How constituted</b>	<b>1.02.10</b>	<b>17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Lalor</b>		
SLAs of -		
Wyndham (C) – North (part)	51 399	58 598
Wyndham (C) – South (part)	10 053	13 897
Wyndham (C) – West	14 830	17 899
Total from existing Division of Lalor	76 282	90 394
<b>From existing Division of Corio</b>		
SLAs of -		
Corio – Inner (part)	9 008	10 416
Greater Geelong (C) – Part C	1 667	1 961
Total transferred from existing Division of Corio	10 675	12 377
<b>Total for proposed Division of Lalor</b>	<b>86 957</b>	<b>102 771</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Gellibrand		
Hobsons Bay (C) – Altona (part)	2 558	2 554
Wyndham (C) – North (part)	32	36
Wyndham (C) – South (part)	2 546	3 869
Total transferred to proposed Division of Gellibrand	5 136	6 459
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Gorton		
Melton (S) – East (part)	1 198	1 147
Melton (S) – Balance	27 896	31 347
Total transferred to proposed Division of Gorton	29 094	32 494
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong		
Wyndham (C) – North (part)	3	4
Total transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong	3	4
<b>Transferred from Division of Lalor</b>	<b>34 233</b>	<b>38 957</b>

## Proposed Division of Mallee

How constituted	Actual enrolment <b>1.02.10</b>	Projected enrolment <b>17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Mallee</b>		
SLAs of -		
Buloke (S) - North	2 430	2 389
Buloke (S) - South (part)	2 613	2 671
Gannawarra (S)	7 981	7 847
Hindmarsh (S)	4 432	4 360
Mildura (RC) - Part A	30 807	32 734
Mildura (RC) - Part B	2 546	2 486
Northern Grampians (S) - St Arnaud (part)	4	2
Swan Hill (RC) - Central	6 680	7 051
Swan Hill (RC) - Robinvale	1 975	2 124
Swan Hill (RC) - Balance	4 715	4 651
Yarriambiack (C) - North	1 414	1 412
Yarriambiack (S) - South	3 985	3 974
<b>Total from existing Division of Mallee</b>	<b>69 582</b>	<b>71 701</b>
<b>From existing Division of Murray</b>		
SLAs of -		
Campaspe (S) - Echuca	8 744	9 371
Campaspe (S) - Kyabram	8 630	9 007
Campaspe (S) - Rochester	5 827	6 010
Campaspe (S) - South (part)	2 681	2 739
Loddon (S) - North	2 308	2 231
Loddon (S) - South (part)	2 727	2 664
<b>Total from existing Division of Murray</b>	<b>30 917</b>	<b>32 022</b>
<b>Total for proposed Division of Mallee</b>	<b>100 499</b>	<b>103 723</b>

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Wannon		
Buloke (S) – South (part)	0	0
Hindmarsh (S) (part)	0	0
Horsham (RC) – Central	9 984	10 379
Horsham (RC) – Balance (part)	3 643	3 905
Northern Grampians (S) – St Arnaud (part)	2 574	2 520
Northern Grampians (S) – Stawell (part)	1	1
Southern Grampians (S) – Wannon	0	0
West Wimmera (S)	3 232	3 215
Total transferred to proposed Division of Wannon	19 434	20 020
<b>Transferred from Division of Mallee</b>	<b>19 434</b>	<b>20 020</b>

**Proposed Division of Maribyrnong**

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Maribyrnong</b>		
SLAs of –		
Brimbank (C) – Keilor (part)	4 276	4 330
Brimbank (C) – Sunshine (part)	14 475	14 807
Maribyrnong (C) (part)	1 383	1 516
Moonee Valley (C) – Essendon (part)	25 948	25 319
Moonee Valley (C) – West (part)	27 859	28 690
Total from existing Division of Maribyrnong	73 941	74 662
<b>From existing Division of Calwell</b>		
SLA of –		
Hume (C) – Broadmeadows (part)	2 569	2 524
Total transferred from existing Division of Calwell	2 569	2 524
<b>From existing Division of Gellibrand</b>		
SLA of –		
Maribyrnong (C) (part)	4 341	6 068
Total transferred from existing Division of Gellibrand	4 341	6 068
<b>From existing Division of Gorton</b>		
SLA of –		
Brimbank (C) – Sunshine (part)	12 954	13 202
Total transferred from existing Division of Gorton	12 954	13 202
<b>From existing Division of Lalor</b>		
SLA of –		
Wyndham (C) – North (part)	3	4
Total transferred from existing Division of Lalor	3	4

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Melbourne</b>		
SLA of –		
Moonee Valley (C) – Essendon (part)	3 806	3 562
Total transferred from existing Division of Melbourne	3 806	3 562
<b>From existing Division of Wills</b>		
SLA of –		
Moonee Valley (C) – Essendon (part)	3 911	3 748
Total transferred from existing Division of Wills	3 911	3 748
<b>Total for proposed Division of Maribyrnong</b>	<b>101 525</b>	<b>103 770</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Calwell		
Brimbank (C) – Keilor (part)	7 954	8 027
Total transferred to proposed Division of Calwell	7 954	8 027
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Gorton		
Brimbank (C) – Sunshine (part)	5 720	5 674
Total transferred to proposed Division of Gorton	5 720	5 674
<b>Transferred from Division of Maribyrnong</b>	<b>13 674</b>	<b>13 701</b>

**Proposed Division of McEwen**

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of McEwen</b>		
SLAs of -		
Greater Bendigo (C) – Part B (part)	0	0
Lake Mountain Alpine Resort	0	0
Mitchell (S) – North (part)	7 240	7 198
Mitchell (S) – South	14 267	16 050
Murrindindi (S) – East	4 739	4 853
Murrindindi (S) – West	5 224	5 459
Nillumbik (S) – Balance (part)	3 922	4 134
Whittlesea (C) – North (part)	8 257	10 622
Yarra Ranges (S) – North (part)	0	0
Yarra Ranges (S) – Part B (part)	0	0
Total from existing Division of McEwen	43 649	48 316
<b>From existing Division of Indi</b>		
SLAs of -		
Mansfield (S)	5 523	6 046
Mount Buller Alpine Resort	64	64
Mount Stirling Alpine Resort	0	0
Strathbogie (S)	7 332	7 683
Total transferred from existing Division of Indi	12 919	13 793
<b>From existing Division of Murray</b>		
SLAs of -		
Greater Shepparton (C) – Part A	30 499	31 482
Greater Shepparton (C) – Part B East	2 643	2 674
Greater Shepparton (C) – Part B West	6 026	6 344
Total transferred from existing Division of Murray	39 168	40 500
<b>Total for proposed Division of McEwen</b>	<b>95 736</b>	<b>102 609</b>

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<hr/> SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Burke		
Macedon Ranges (S) – Romsey	7 964	8 299
Macedon Ranges (S) – Balance	14 486	14 926
Whittlesea (C) – North (part)	7 791	11 461
<hr/> Total transferred to proposed Division of Burke	<hr/> 30 241	<hr/> 34 686
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Casey		
Nillumbik (S) – Balance (part)	7	7
Yarra Ranges (S) – Central	10 213	10 561
Yarra Ranges (S) – North (part)	9 143	9 575
Yarra Ranges (S) – Part B (part)	415	474
<hr/> Total transferred to proposed Division of Casey	<hr/> 19 778	<hr/> 20 617
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Jagajaga		
Nillumbik (S) – South	4 414	4 623
Nillumbik (S) – South-West (part)	3 943	4 173
Nillumbik (S) – Balance (part)	2 785	2 941
<hr/> Total transferred to proposed Division of Jagajaga	<hr/> 11 142	<hr/> 11 737
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Scullin		
Nillumbik (S) – South- West (part)	4 213	4 617
Whittlesea (C) – North (part)	1 718	2 856
<hr/> Total transferred to proposed Division of Scullin	<hr/> 5 931	<hr/> 7 473
<b>Transferred from Division of McEwen</b>	<b>67 092</b>	<b>74 513</b>

**Proposed Division of McMillan**

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of McMillan</b>		
SLAs of –		
Bass Coast (S) – Balance (part)	9 470	9 430
Bass Strait Islands	0	0
Baw Baw (S) – Part A	3 337	3 641
Baw Baw (S) – Part B East	2 879	2 994
Baw Baw (S) – Part B West	22 394	24 144
Cardinia (S) – North (part)	5 675	6 087
Cardinia (S) – Pakenham (part)	13 485	16 891
Latrobe (C) – Moe (part)	12 924	13 900
Mount Baw Baw Alpine Resort	3	3
South Gippsland (C) – Central	9 515	9 626
South Gippsland (S) – East	4 297	4 384
South Gippsland (S) – West	5 938	6 213
Total from existing Division of McMillan	89 917	97 313
<b>From existing Division of Gippsland</b>		
SLA of –		
Latrobe (C) – Moe (part)	2	2
Total transferred from existing Division of Gippsland	2	2
<b>From existing Division of La Trobe</b>		
SLA of –		
Cardinia (S) – North (part)	4 637	5 079
Total transferred from existing Division of La Trobe	4 637	5 079
<b>Total for proposed Division of McMillan</b>	<b>94 556</b>	<b>102 394</b>

## Proposed Division of Melbourne

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Melbourne</b>		
SLAs of –		
Melbourne (C) – Inner	3 870	6 410
Melbourne (C) – Remainder (part)	21 634	30 025
Moonee Valley (C) – Essendon (part)	12 921	12 271
Yarra (C) – North (part)	30 267	33 224
Yarra (C) – Richmond	17 661	19 151
Total from existing Division of Melbourne	86 353	101 081
<b>Total for proposed Division of Melbourne</b>	<b>86 353</b>	<b>101 081</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Batman		
Yarra (C) – North (part)	1 555	1 615
Total transferred to proposed Division of Batman	1 555	1 615
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong		
Moonee Valley (C) – Essendon (part)	3 806	3 562
Total transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong	3 806	3 562
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Melbourne Ports		
Melbourne (C) – Remainder (part)	0	0
Melbourne (C) – Southbank-Docklands (part)	1 465	2 394
Total transferred to proposed Division of Melbourne Ports	1 465	2 394
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Wills		
Moreland (C) – Brunswick (part)	3 716	3 956
Yarra (C) – North (part)	71	86
Total transferred to proposed Division of Wills	3 787	4 042
<b>Transferred from Division of Melbourne</b>	<b>10 613</b>	<b>11 613</b>

## Proposed Division of Melbourne Ports

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Melbourne Ports</b>		
SLAs of –		
Glen Eira (C) – Caulfield (part)	2 174	2 357
Melbourne (C) – Remainder (part)	3 624	4 257
Melbourne (C) – Southbank-Docklands (part)	4 849	7 622
Port Phillip (C) – St Kilda	32 696	36 126
Port Phillip (C) – West	25 106	28 662
<b>Total from existing Division of Melbourne Ports</b>	<b>68 449</b>	<b>79 024</b>
<b>From existing Division of Higgins</b>		
SLA of –		
Stonnington (C) – Prahran (part)	16 320	18 308
<b>Total transferred from existing Division of Higgins</b>	<b>16 320</b>	<b>18 308</b>
<b>From existing Division of Melbourne</b>		
SLAs of –		
Melbourne (C) – Remainder (part)	0	0
Melbourne (C) – Southbank-Docklands (part)	1 465	2 394
<b>Total transferred from existing Division of Melbourne</b>	<b>1 465</b>	<b>2 394</b>
<b>Total for proposed Division of Melbourne Ports</b>	<b>86 234</b>	<b>99 726</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Goldstein		
Glen Eira (C) – Caulfield (part)	15 524	16 954
<b>Total transferred to proposed Division of Goldstein</b>	<b>15 524</b>	<b>16 954</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Higgins		
Glen Eira (C) – Caulfield (part)	10 552	11 174
<b>Total transferred to proposed Division of Higgins</b>	<b>10 552</b>	<b>11 174</b>
<b>Transferred from Division of Melbourne Ports</b>	<b>26 076</b>	<b>28 128</b>

## Proposed Division of Menzies

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Menzies</b>		
SLAs of -		
Manningham (C) - East	11 023	11 500
Manningham (C) - West (part)	71 098	72 916
Maroondah (C) - Croydon (part)	3 127	3 319
Maroondah (C) - Ringwood (part)	4 751	4 977
Total from existing Division of Menzies	89 999	92 712
<b>From existing Division of Casey</b>		
SLAs of -		
Maroondah (C) - Croydon (part)	5 222	5 423
Maroondah (C) - Ringwood (part)	269	308
Total transferred from existing Division of Casey	5 491	5 731
<b>Total for proposed Division of Menzies</b>	<b>95 490</b>	<b>98 443</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Deakin		
Manningham (C) - West (part)	219	220
Total transferred to proposed Division of Deakin	219	220
<b>Transferred from Division of Menzies</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>220</b>

**Proposed Division of Scullin**

	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>How constituted</b>		
<b>From existing Division of Scullin</b>		
SLAs of -		
Banyule (C) – North (part)	7 259	7 576
Nillumbik (S) – South-West (part)	6 985	7 830
Whittlesea (C) – North (part)	4 577	5 825
Whittlesea (C) – South-East	28 997	30 416
Whittlesea (C) – South-West	40 701	41 530
Total from existing Division of Scullin	88 519	93 177
<b>From existing Division of McEwen</b>		
SLAs of -		
Nillumbik (S) – South-West (part)	4 213	4 617
Whittlesea (C) – North (part)	1 718	2 856
Total transferred from existing Division of McEwen	5 931	7 473
<b>Total for proposed Division of Scullin</b>	<b>94 450</b>	<b>100 650</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Jagajaga		
Banyule (C) – North (part)	1 377	1 421
Total transferred to proposed Division of Jagajaga	1 377	1 421
<b>Transferred from Division of Scullin</b>	<b>1 377</b>	<b>1 421</b>

**Proposed Division of Wannon**

	<b>Actual enrolment</b>	<b>Projected enrolment</b>
<b>How constituted</b>	<b>1.02.10</b>	<b>17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Wannon</b>		
SLAs of –		
Ararat (RC)	8 032	8 423
Glenelg (S) – Heywood	4 461	4 881
Glenelg (S) – North	2 447	2 473
Glenelg (S) – Portland	7 445	7 979
Horsham (RC) – Balance (part)	0	0
Lady Julia Percy Island	0	0
Moyne (S) – North-East	1 725	1 778
Moyne (S) – North-West	1 936	1 986
Moyne (S) – South	7 685	8 245
Northern Grampian (S) – Stawell (part)	6 232	6 267
Pyrenees (S) – North	2 403	2 441
Pyrenees (S) – South	2 510	2 771
Southern Grampians (S) – Hamilton	6 695	7 070
Southern Grampians (S) – Wannon (part)	1 683	1 692
Southern Grampians (S) – Balance	3 913	4 213
Warrnambool (C)	21 993	24 000
<b>Total from existing Division of Wannon</b>	<b>79 160</b>	<b>84 219</b>
<b>From existing Division of Mallee</b>		
SLAs of –		
Buloke (S) – South (part)	0	0
Hindmarsh (S) (part)	0	0
Horsham (RC) – Central	9 984	10 379
Horsham (RC) – Balance (part)	3 643	3 905
Northern Grampians (S) – St Arnaud	2 574	2 520
Northern Grampians (S) – Stawell (part)	1	1
Southern Grampians (S) – Wannon (part)	0	0
West Wimmera (S)	3 232	3 215
<b>Total transferred from existing Division of Mallee</b>	<b>19 434</b>	<b>20 020</b>
<b>Total for proposed Division of Wannon</b>	<b>98 594</b>	<b>104 239</b>

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Corangamite		
Colac-Otway (S) – North (part)	145	154
Corangamite (S) – North	6 719	6 754
Corangamite (S) – South	5 083	5 204
Total transferred to proposed Division of Corangamite	11 947	12 112
<b>Transferred from Division of Wannon</b>	<b>11 947</b>	<b>12 112</b>

## Proposed Division of Wills

<b>How constituted</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
<b>From existing Division of Wills</b>		
SLAs of -		
Moonee Valley (C) - Essendon (part)	57	53
Moonee Valley (C) - West (part)	2 662	2 721
Moreland (C) - Brunswick (part)	24 667	26 658
Moreland (C) - Coburg	33 140	35 838
Moreland (C) - North	31 473	33 319
Total from existing Division of Wills	91 999	98 589
<b>From existing Division of Melbourne</b>		
SLAs of -		
Moreland (C) - Brunswick (part)	3 716	3 956
Yarra (C) - North (part)	71	86
Total transferred from existing Division of Melbourne	3 787	4 042
<b>Total for proposed Division of Wills</b>	<b>95 786</b>	<b>102 631</b>
SLA transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong		
Moonee Valley (C) - Essendon (part)	3 911	3 748
Total transferred to proposed Division of Maribyrnong	3 911	3 748
<b>Transferred from Division of Wills</b>	<b>3 911</b>	<b>3 748</b>

### Proposed transfer of Division of Murray

<b>How distributed</b>	<b>Actual enrolment 1.02.10</b>	<b>Projected enrolment 17.06.14</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Mallee		
Campaspe (S) - Echuca	8 744	9 371
Campaspe (S) - Kyabram	8 630	9 007
Campaspe (S) - Rochester	5 827	6 010
Campaspe (S) - South (part)	2 681	2 739
Loddon (S) - North	2 308	2 231
Loddon (S) - South (part)	2 727	2 664
<b>Total transferred to proposed Division of Mallee</b>	<b>30 917</b>	<b>32 022</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of Indi		
Moirā (S) - East (part)	5 924	6 222
Moirā (S) - West	12 769	13 658
<b>Total transferred to proposed Division of Indi</b>	<b>18 693</b>	<b>19 880</b>
SLAs transferred to proposed Division of McEwen		
Greater Shepparton (C) - Part A	30 499	31 482
Greater Shepparton (C) - Part B East	2 643	2 674
Greater Shepparton (C) - Part B West	6 026	6 344
<b>Total transferred to proposed Division of McEwen</b>	<b>39 168</b>	<b>40 500</b>
<b>Total transferred from Division of Murray</b>	<b>88 778</b>	<b>92 402</b>

